

Weeks 11-12 Segmentation

segmentation: vital first step

\* How to assign pixels to a set of related pixels?

- Edge/boundary: look for differences
- Region: look for similarities

qualities of image

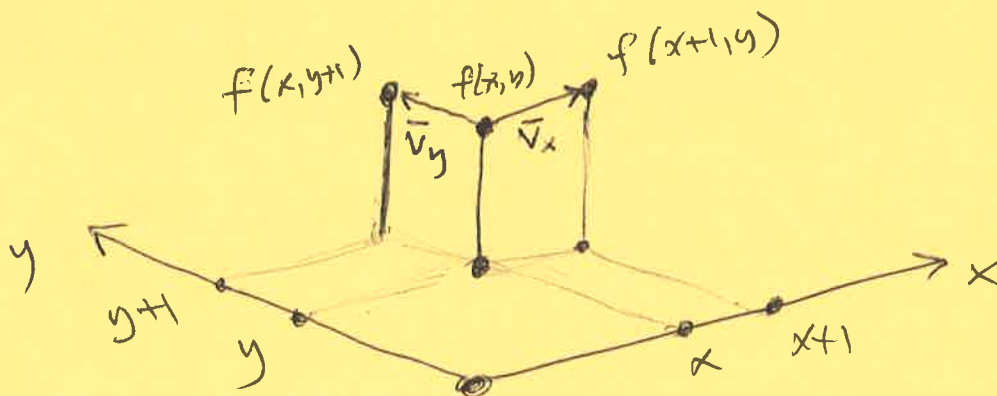
- (1) color
  - (2) texture
  - (3) motion
- \* (4) shape
- \* (5) proximity
- \* (6) affordance

A case study: robot motion

Surface normals can be found:

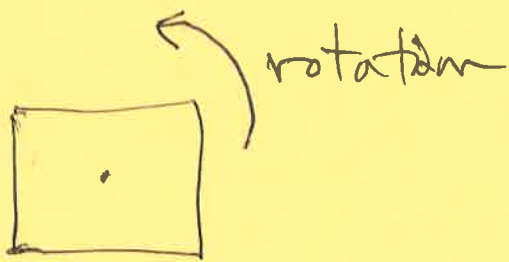
$$\frac{\partial f(x,y)}{\partial x} = \frac{f(x+\Delta x, y) - f(x,y)}{\Delta x} = f_x(x,y)$$

$$\frac{\partial f(x,y)}{\partial y} = \frac{f(x, y+\Delta y) - f(x,y)}{\Delta y} = f_y(x,y)$$



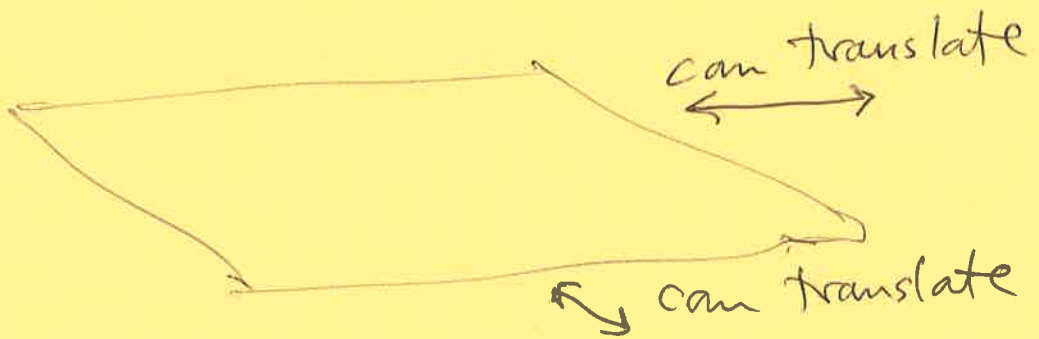
let  $\vec{v}_x = [x+1, y, f(x+1, y)] - [x, y, f(x, y)] = [1, 0, f_x(x, y)]$   
 $\vec{v}_y = [x, y+1, f(x, y+1)] - [x, y, f(x, y)] = [0, 1, f_y(x, y)]$

normal  $\vec{n} = \vec{v}_x \times \vec{v}_y$   
 $= \begin{vmatrix} 0 & f_x(x,y) \\ 1 & f_y(x,y) \end{vmatrix} \vec{i} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & f_x(x,y) \\ 0 & f_y(x,y) \end{vmatrix} \vec{j} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \vec{k}$   
 $= -f_x(x,y) \vec{i} - f_y(x,y) \vec{j} + 1 \vec{k}$



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Consider a plane



Consider affordance to move forward on flat surface

Assume a range map  $f(x,y) = \text{distance to surface}$   
(called a Monge patch)

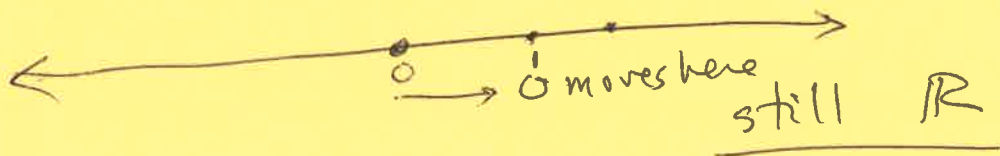
## The Notion of Symmetry

Given a point set, some operation on the set results in the same set.

Example:



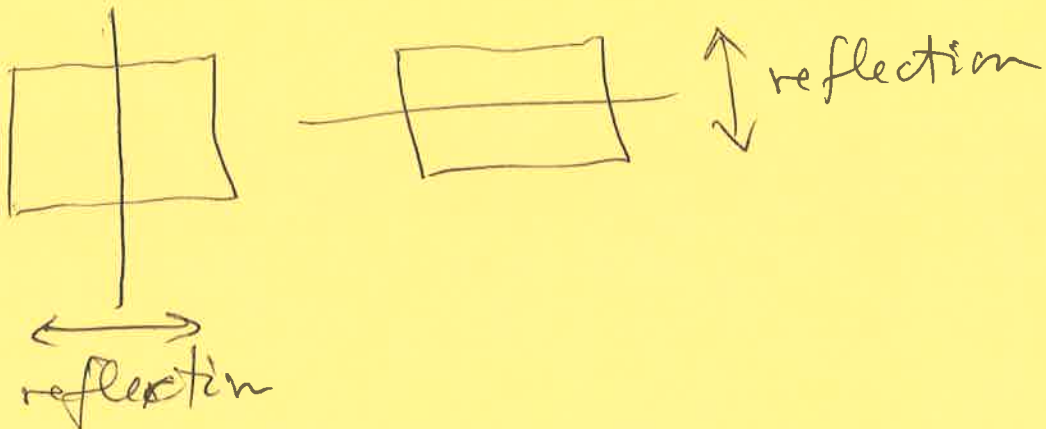
operation: slide the line to the right 1 unit  
 $(l_2(x) = l_1(x) + 1 = x + 1)$



combine action + perception in representation

Consider a square:

some symmetries:



affordance

something a physical feature offers in terms of action



↖ handle : human can hold it



← roof : shelter from ...



← flat surface :  
can walk

how can image be converted to affordance  
info ?