

Project Proposal (due 3/8)

- Team of 2-3 people
 - Please let me know if you need a partner
- Proposal Logistics:
 - Significant implementation, worth 50% of grade
 - Each person turns in the proposal (should be same as other team members)
- Proposal:
 - 3-4 page document (11pt, single-spaced)
 - Submit with handin program:
"handin CS6235 prop <pdf-file>"

Project Parts (Total = 50%)

- Proposal (5%)
 - Short written document, next few slides
- Design Review (10%)
 - Oral, in-class presentation 2 weeks before end
- Presentation and Poster (15%)
 - Poster session last week of class, dry run week before
- Final Report (20%)
 - Due during finals - no final for this class

Project Schedule

- Thursday, March 8, Proposals due
- Monday, April 2, Design Reviews
- Wednesday, April 18, Poster Dry Run
- Monday, April 23, In-Class Poster Presentation
- Wednesday, April 25, Guest Speaker

Content of Proposal

- I. Team members: Name and a sentence on expertise for each member
- II. Problem description
 - What is the computation and why is it important?
 - Abstraction of computation: equations, graphic or pseudo-code, no more than 1 page
- III. Suitability for GPU acceleration
 - Amdahl's Law: describe the inherent parallelism. Argue that it is close to 100% of computation. Use measurements from CPU execution of computation if possible.
 - Synchronization and Communication: Discuss what data structures may need to be protected by synchronization, or communication through host.
 - Copy Overhead: Discuss the data footprint and anticipated cost of copying to/from host memory.
- IV. Intellectual Challenges
 - Generally, what makes this computation worthy of a project?
 - Point to any difficulties you anticipate at present in achieving high speedup

Projects - How to Approach

- Some questions:
 1. Amdahl's Law: target bulk of computation and can profile to obtain key computations...
 2. Strategy for gradually adding GPU execution to CPU code while maintaining correctness
 3. How to partition data & computation to avoid synchronization?
 4. What types of floating point operations and accuracy requirements?
 5. How to manage copy overhead? Can you overlap computation and copying?