

The Racket Way



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Racket

- A dialect of Lisp and a descendant of Scheme

```
#lang racket
```

```
; Grep stdin for "Racket":  
(for ([line (in-lines)])  
  (when (regexp-match? #rx"Racket" line)  
    (displayln line)))
```



Racket

- A dialect of Lisp and a descendant of Scheme
- Optimizing bytecode+JIT compiler

```
.....  
(+ x y)  
.....
```



```
.....  
test $0x1, eax  
je   not_fixnum_plus  
test $0x1, ecx  
je   not_fixnum_plus  
xor  $0x1, eax  
add  ecx, eax  
.....
```

performance comparable to Clojure, Go, OCaml



Racket

- A dialect of Lisp and a descendant of Scheme
- Optimizing bytecode+JIT compiler
- Command-line tools plus DrRacket IDE

The image shows two overlapping windows. The top window is the DrRacket IDE, titled 'grep.rkt - DrRacket'. It displays Racket code in a text area and a console output at the bottom. The code is a Racket program that reads from standard input and prints lines containing the word 'Racket'. The console output shows the program's output: 'Welcome to DrRacket, version 5.3.0.10--2012-0... Language: racket; memory limit: 128 MB.' followed by a prompt '>'. The bottom window is a terminal window titled 'Terminal - tcsh - 71x13'. It shows the execution of the Racket program: 'laptop% racket grep.rkt < abstract.txt' followed by the output 'The Racket Way' and a longer message about the Racket programming language. The terminal also shows the execution of 'raco exe grep.rkt' and './grep < abstract.txt', both producing the same output.

```
grep.rkt - DrRacket
grep.rkt (define ...) Debug Check Syntax Macro Stepper Run Stop
#lang racket
; Grep stdin for "Racket":
(for ([line (in-lines)])
  (when (regexp-match? #rx"Racket" line)
    (displayln line)))

Welcome to DrRacket, version 5.3.0.10--2012-0
Language: racket; memory limit: 128 MB.
>

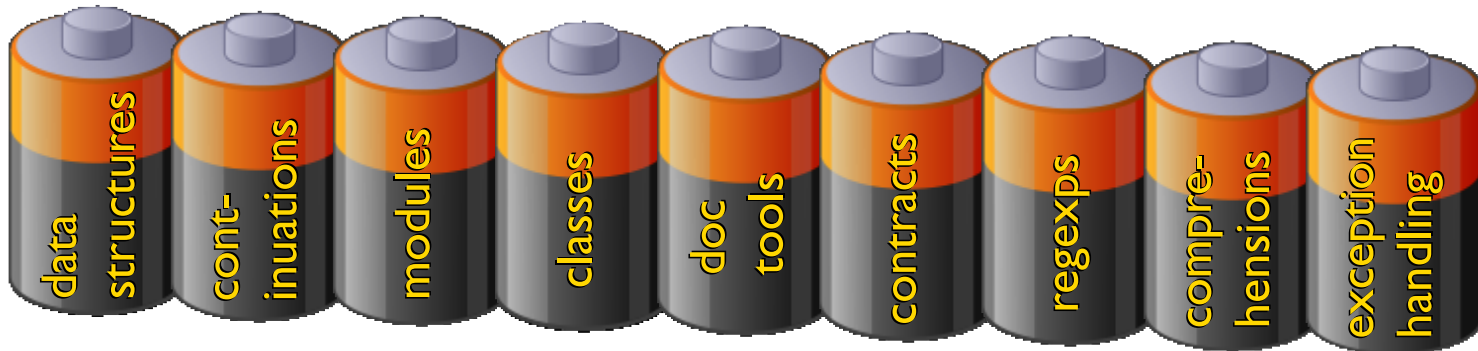
Determine language from source
```

```
Terminal - tcsh - 71x13
laptop% racket grep.rkt < abstract.txt
The Racket Way
The design of the Racket programming language (http://racket-lang.org)
demonstration of what the Racket way means, and it includes a tour of
laptop%
laptop%
laptop% raco exe grep.rkt
laptop%
laptop% ./grep < abstract.txt
The Racket Way
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laptop%
```



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- Optimizing bytecode+JIT compiler
- Command-line tools plus DrRacket IDE
- Batteries included





Racket

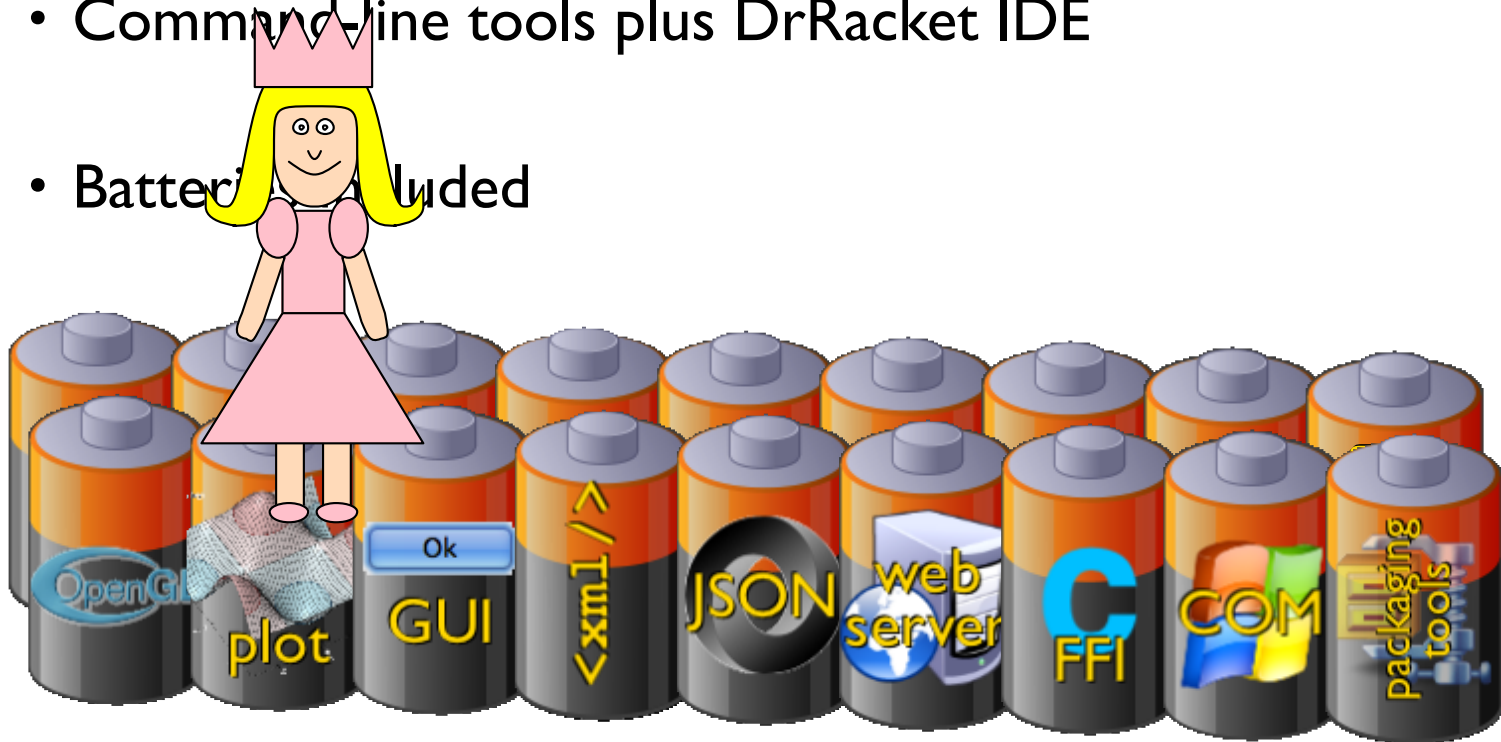
- A dialect of Lisp and a descendant of Scheme
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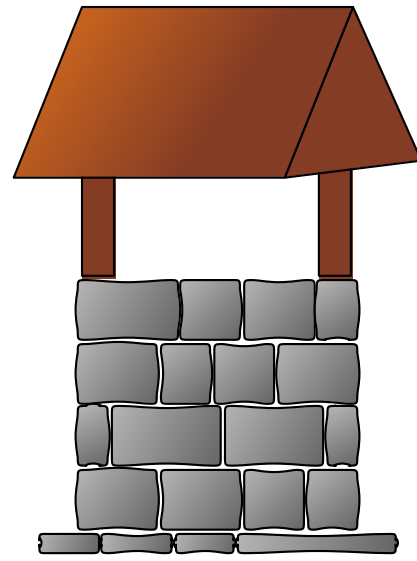
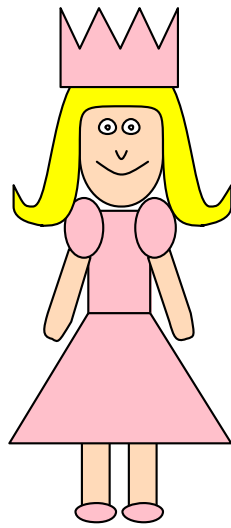


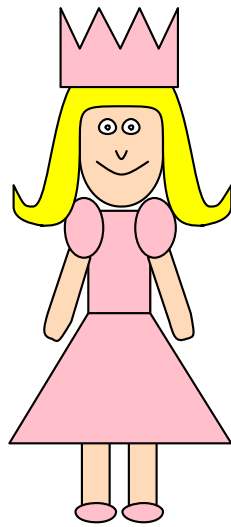


Racket

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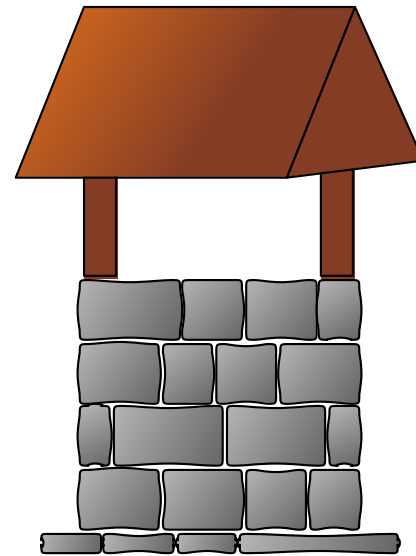


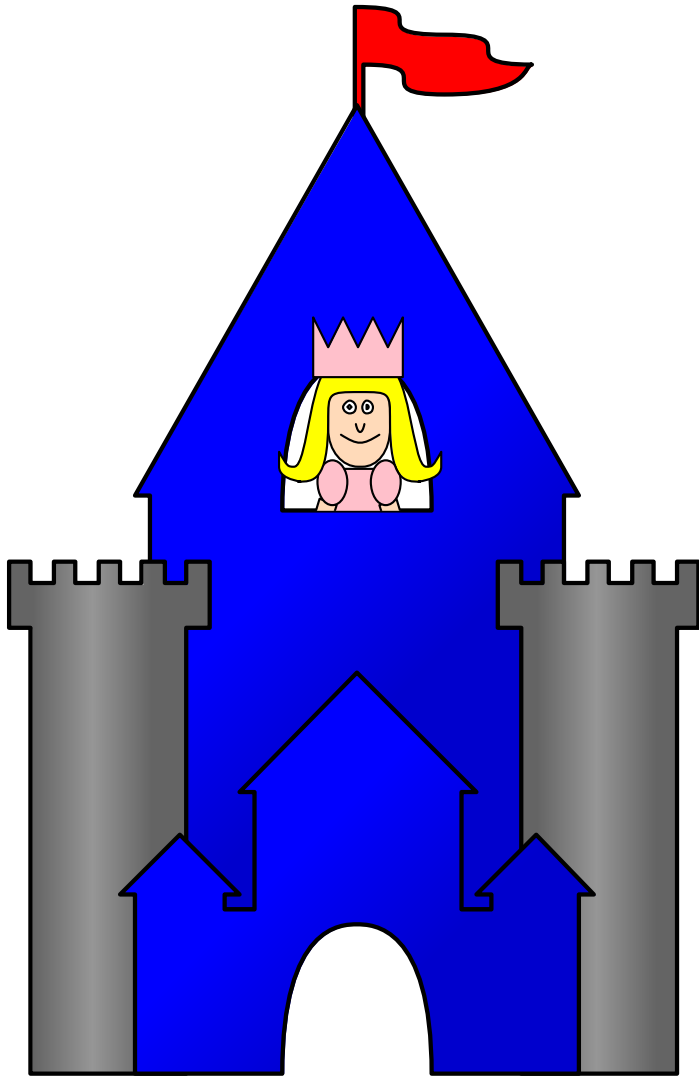


Wishing Well

1

wish per princess

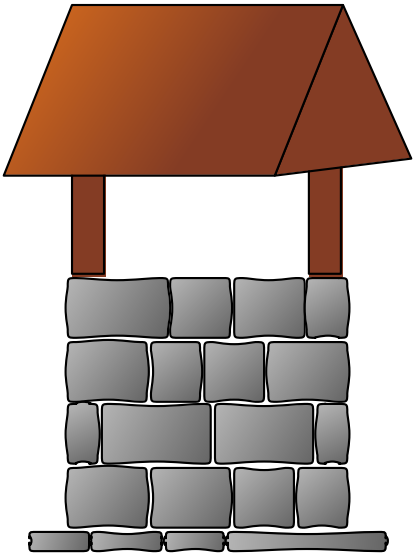


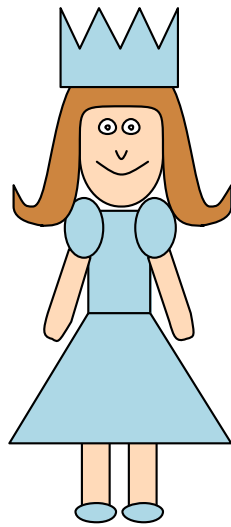


Wishing Well

1

wish per princess

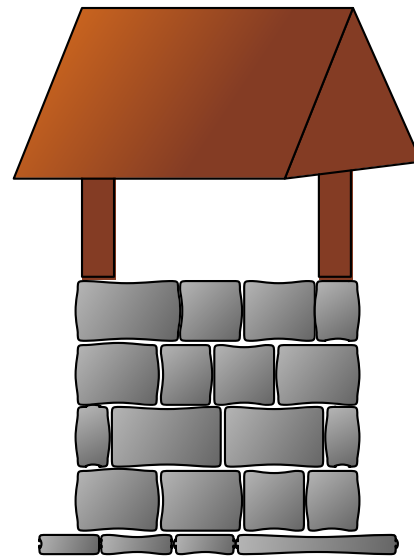


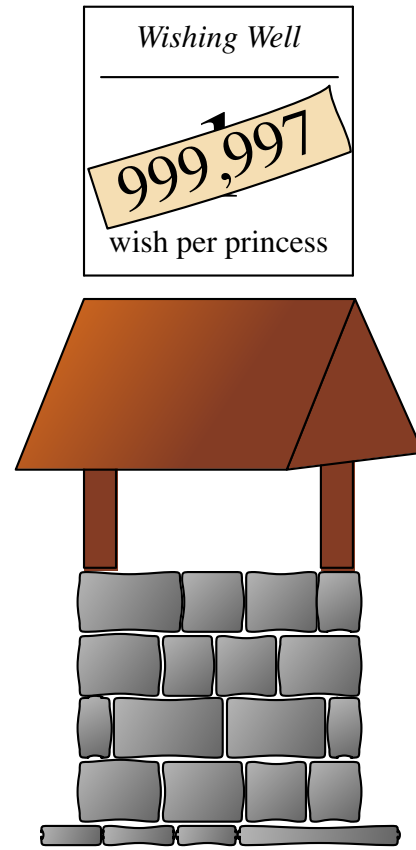
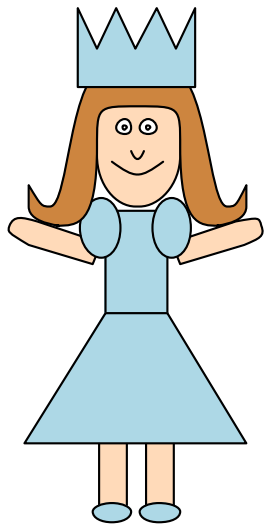


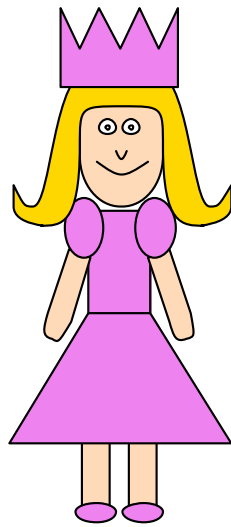
Wishing Well

1

wish per princess



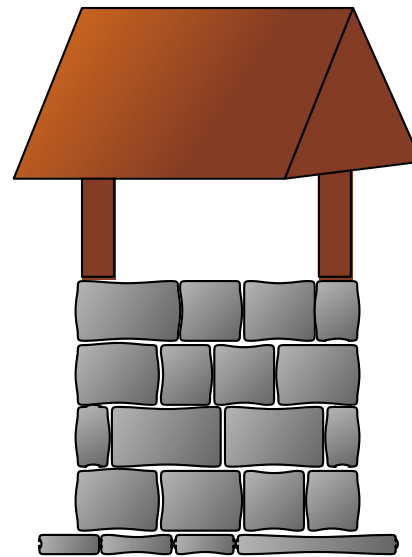


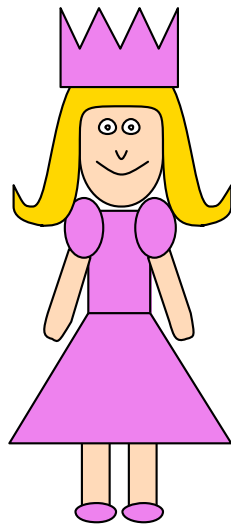


Wishing Well

1

wish per princess

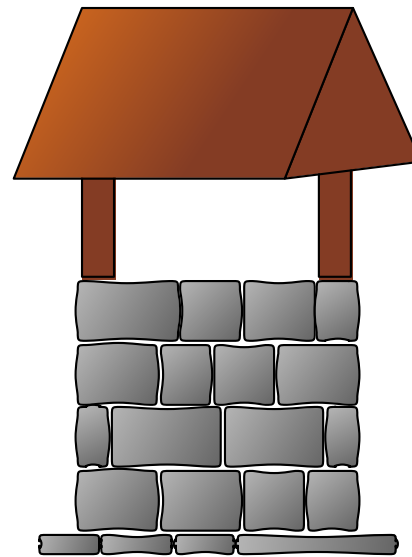


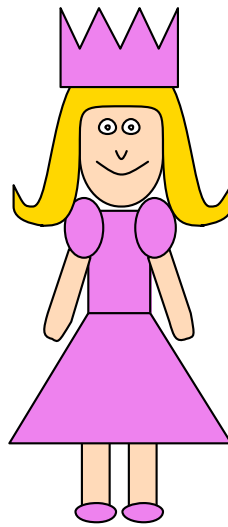
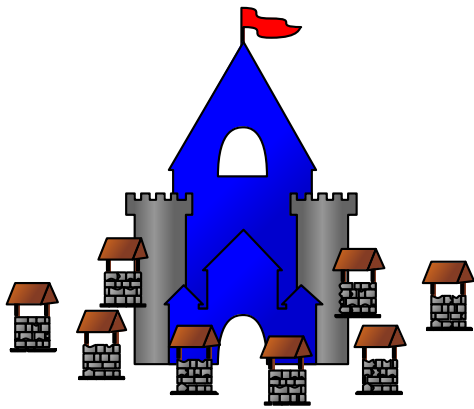


Wishing Well

1

wish per princess

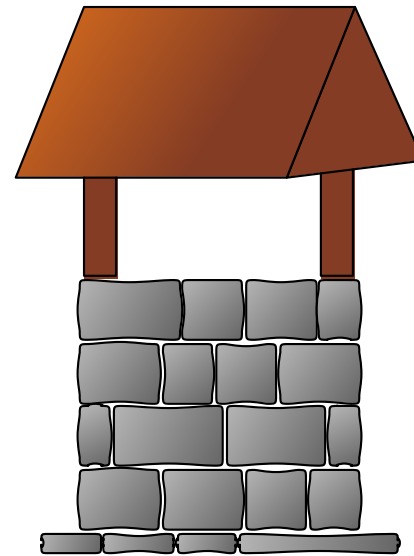


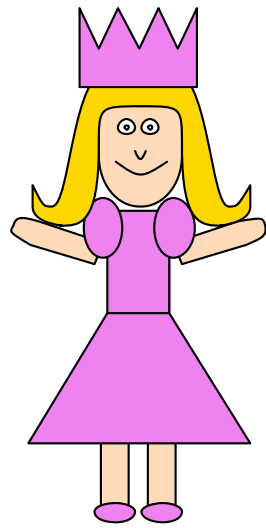


Wishing Well

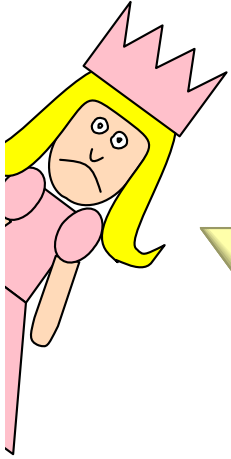
1

wish per princess



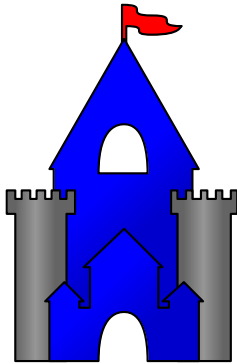


The End



I'm confused... are we still talking about **Racket**?

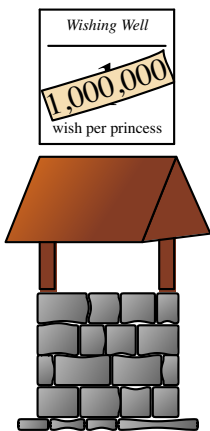
The End



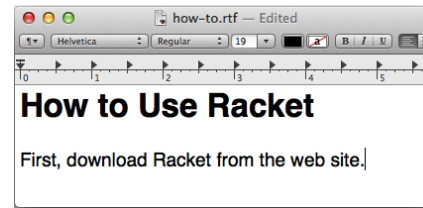
=



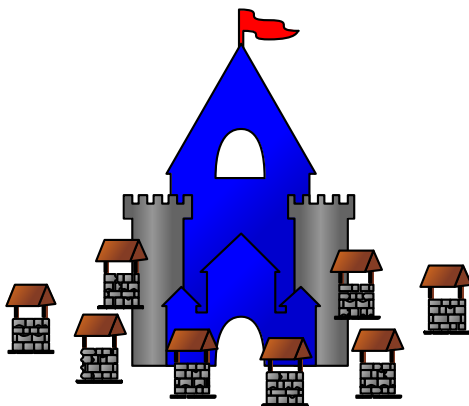
document



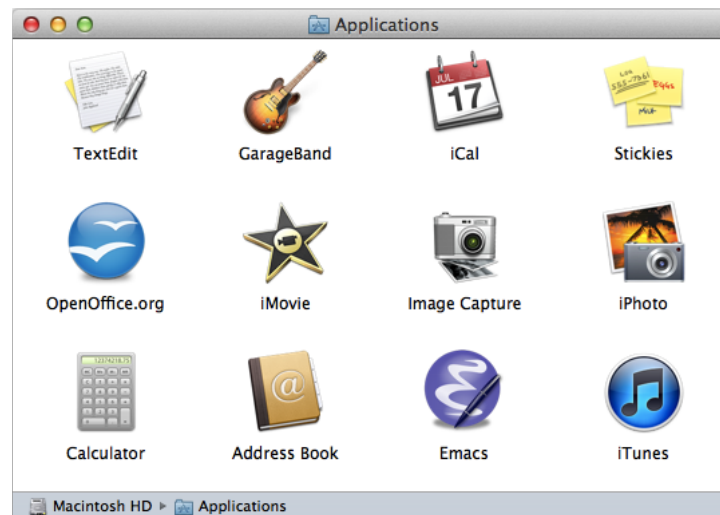
=



tool
for
documents

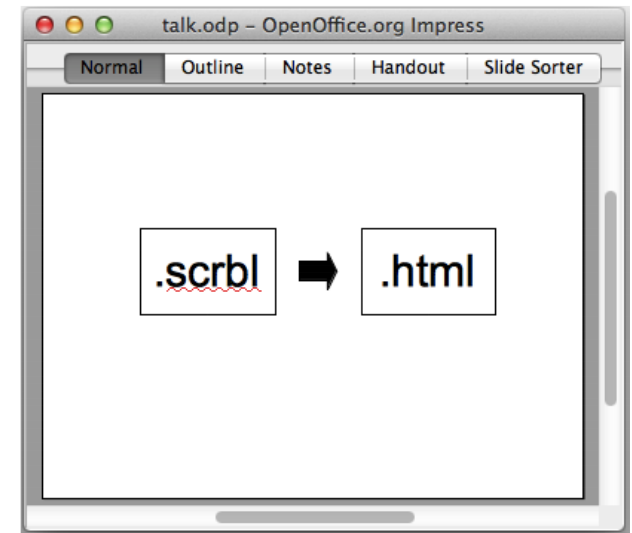
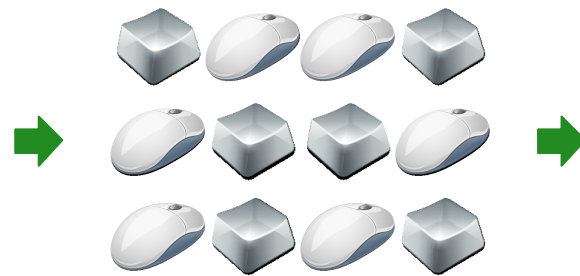
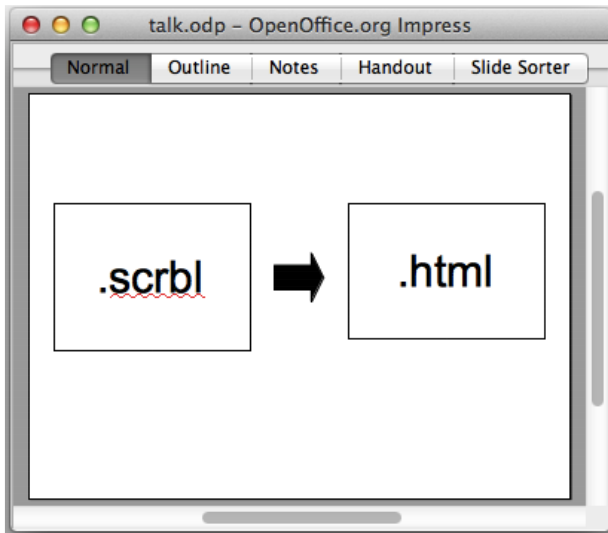


=



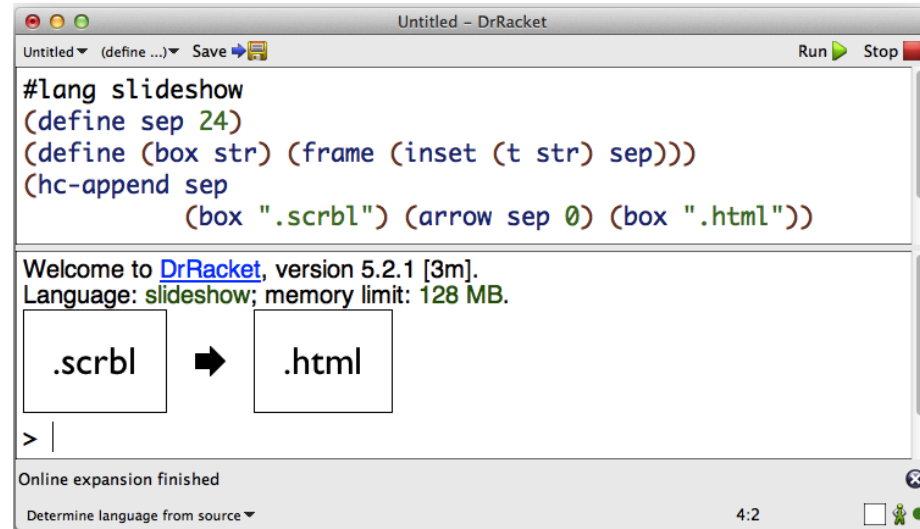
desktop
of
tools

What a Programmer Wants



Programmer

What a Programmer Wants



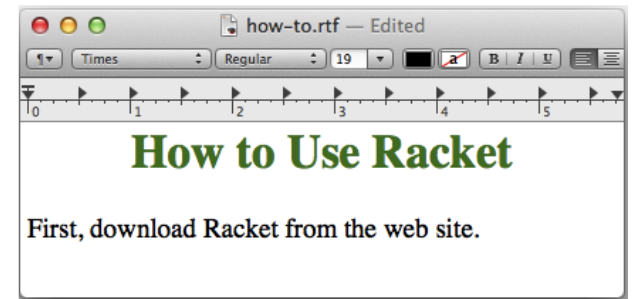
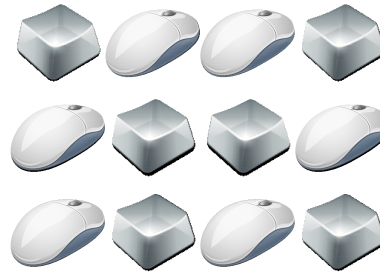
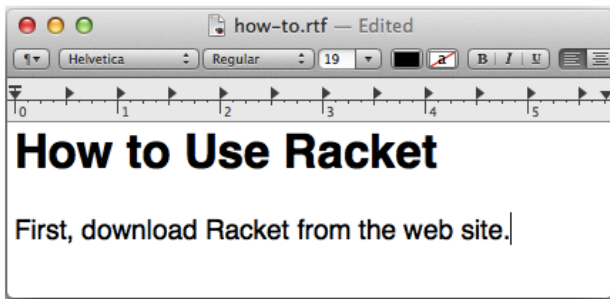
```
Untitled - DrRacket
Untitled (define ...) Save Run Stop
#lang slideshow
(define sep 24)
(define (box str) (frame (inset (t str) sep)))
(hc-append sep
  (box ".scrbl") (arrow sep 0) (box ".html"))

Welcome to DrRacket, version 5.2.1 [3m].
Language: slideshow; memory limit: 128 MB.
[.scrbl] → [.html]
> |
Online expansion finished
Determine language from source 4:2
```



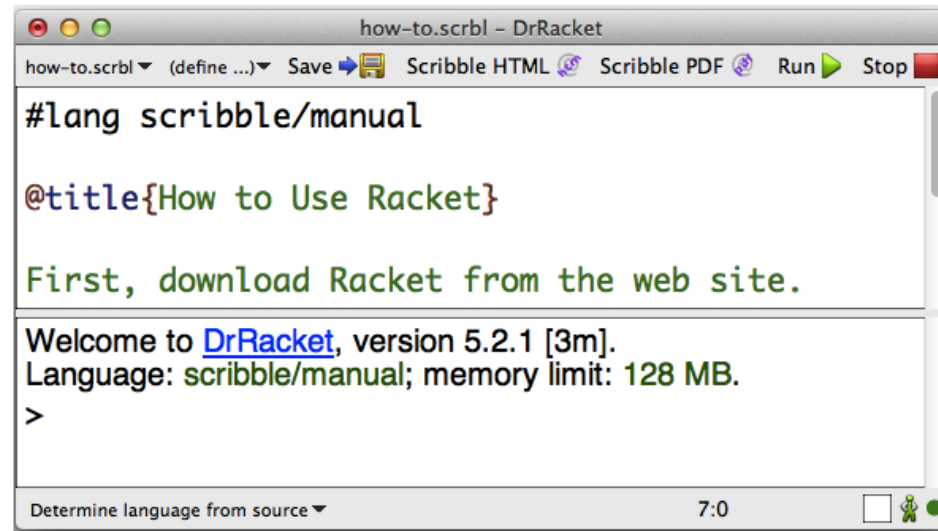
Programmer

What a Programmer Wants

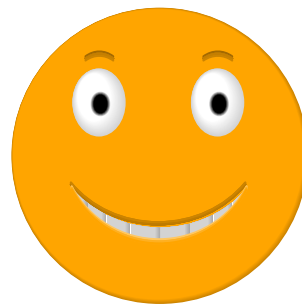


Programmer

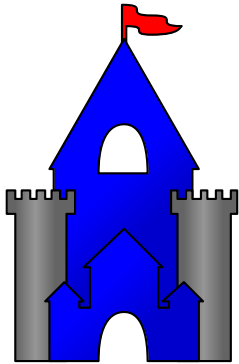
What a Programmer Wants



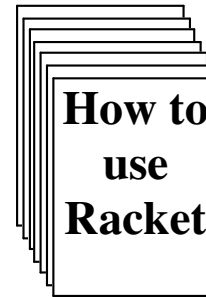
```
how-to.scrbl - DrRacket
how-to.scrbl (define ...) Save Scribble HTML Scribble PDF Run Stop
#lang scribble/manual
@title{How to Use Racket}
First, download Racket from the web site.
Welcome to DrRacket, version 5.2.1 [3m].
Language: scribble/manual; memory limit: 128 MB.
>
```



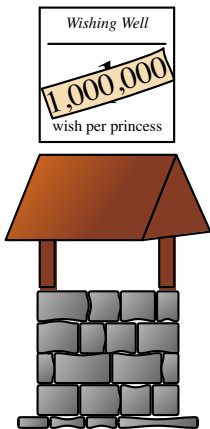
Programmer



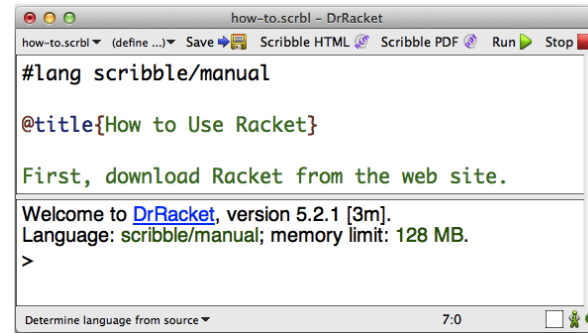
=



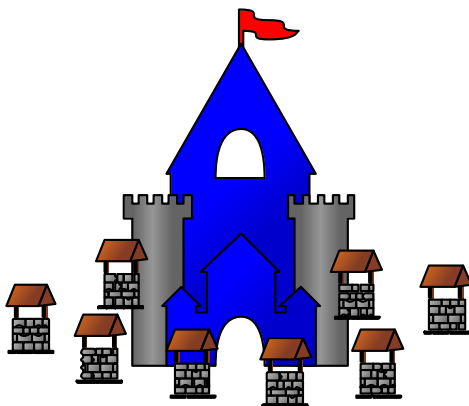
document



=



language
for
documents



=

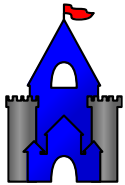


```
#lang racket #lang scribble/base
#lang scribble/manual
#lang scribble/lp
#lang at-exp racket
```

language
for
languages



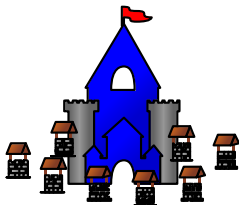
The Racket Way



Everything is a program

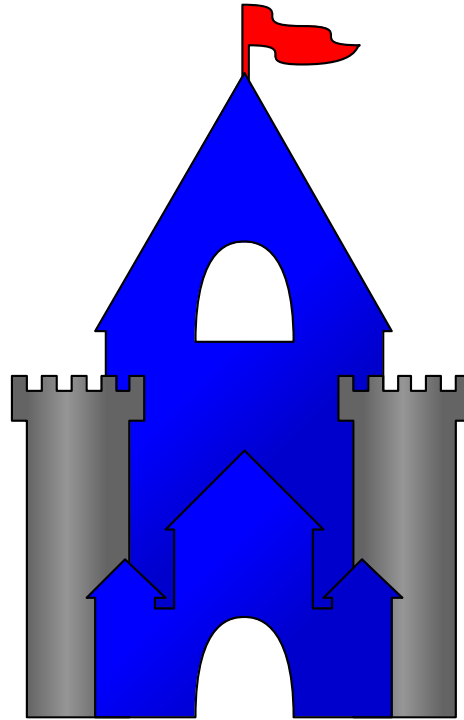


Concepts are programming language constructs

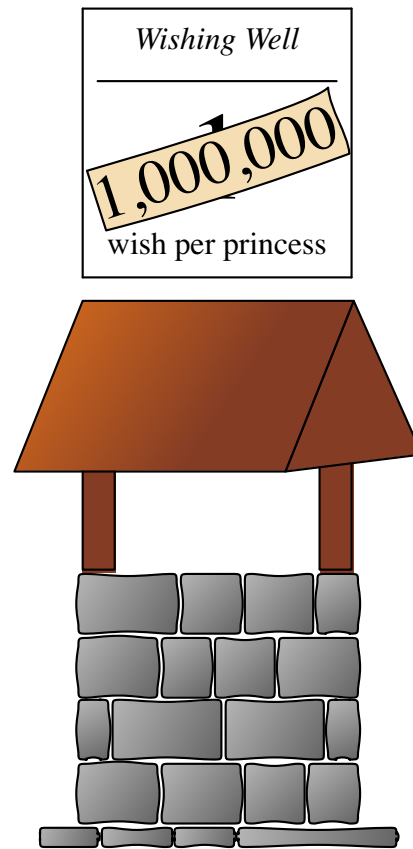


The programming language is extensible

Everything is a Program



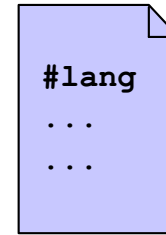
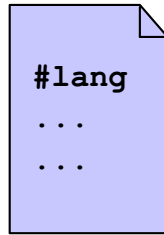
Concepts as Language Constructs



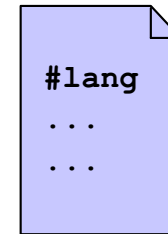
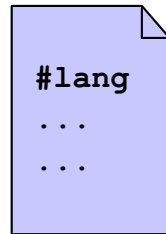
Processes



Processes



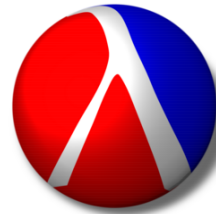
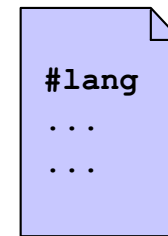
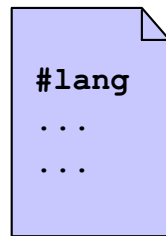
Processes



operating system



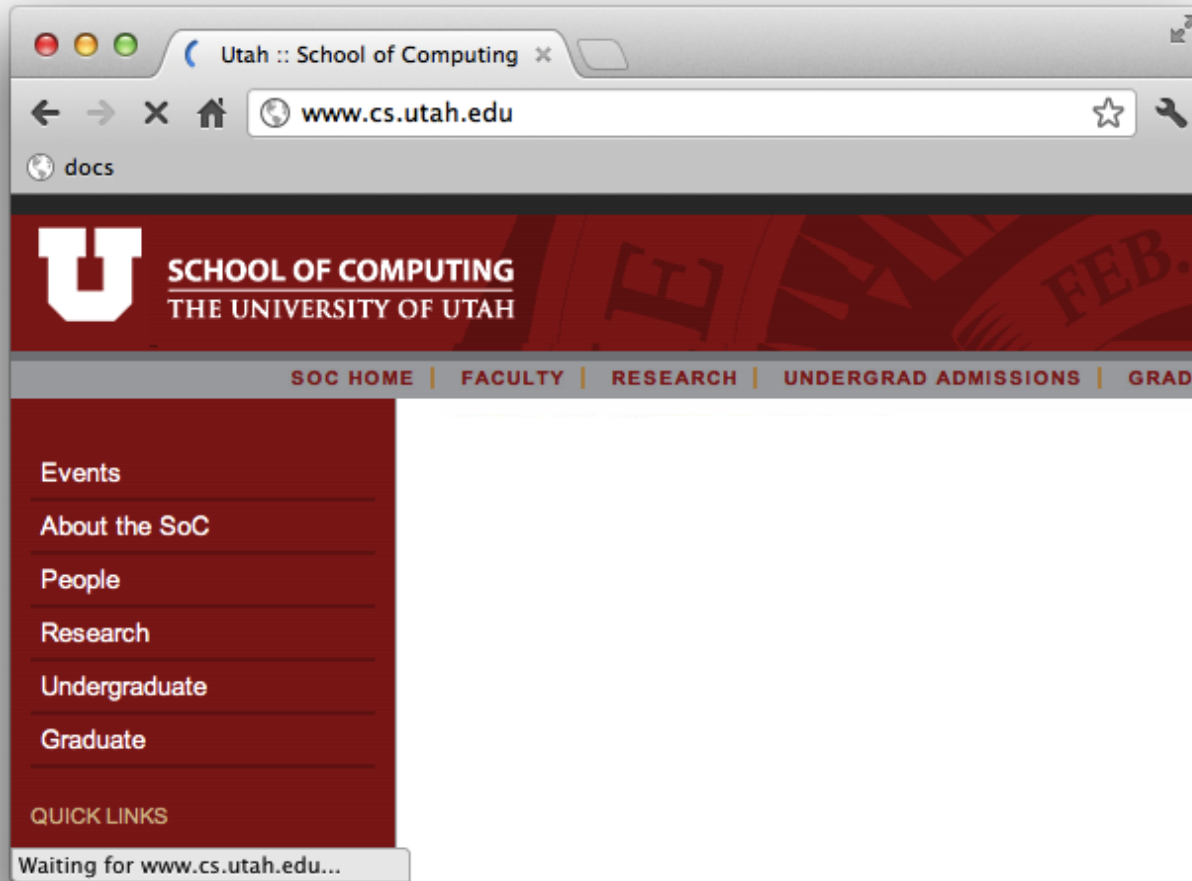
Processes



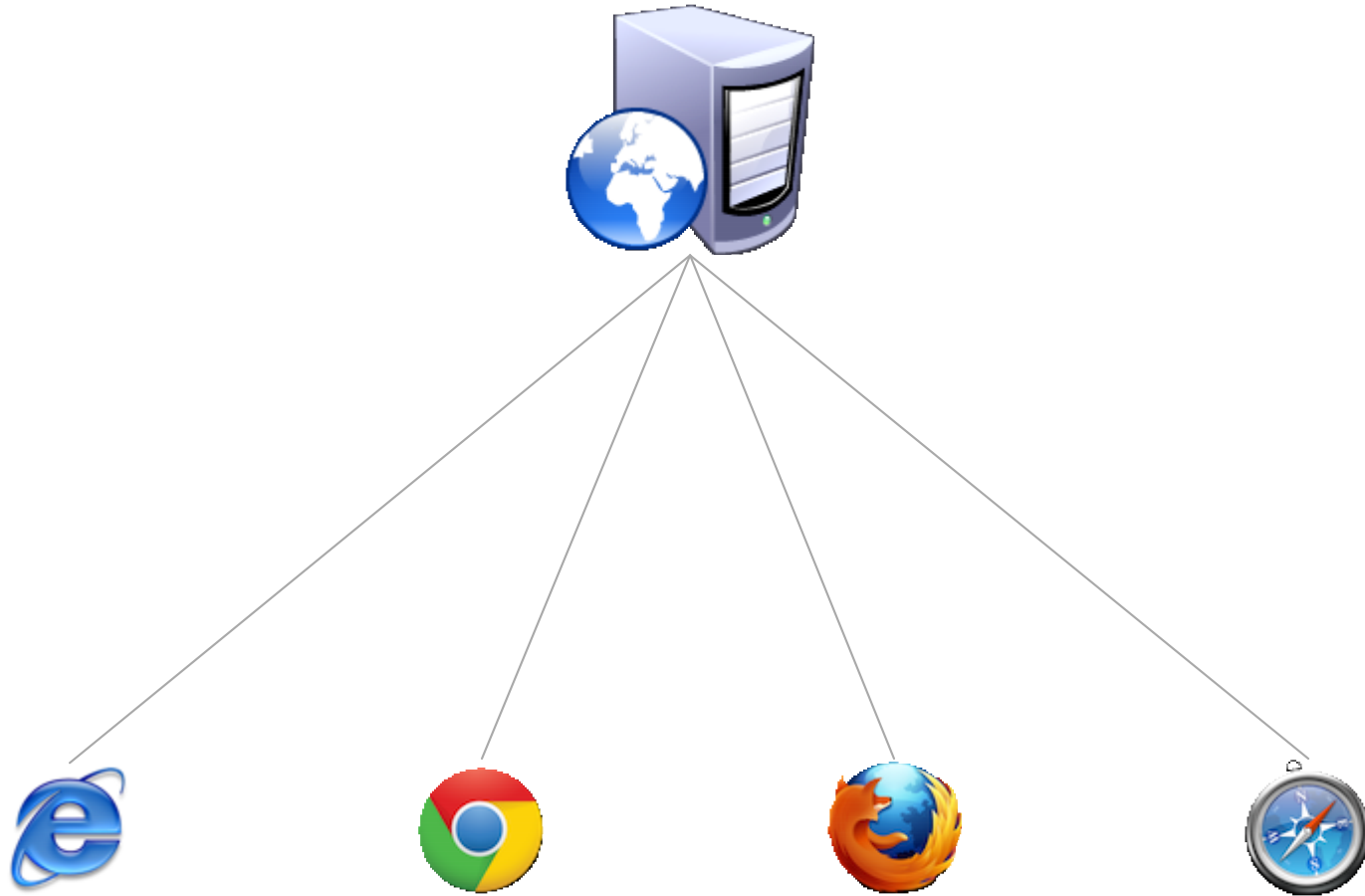
programming language



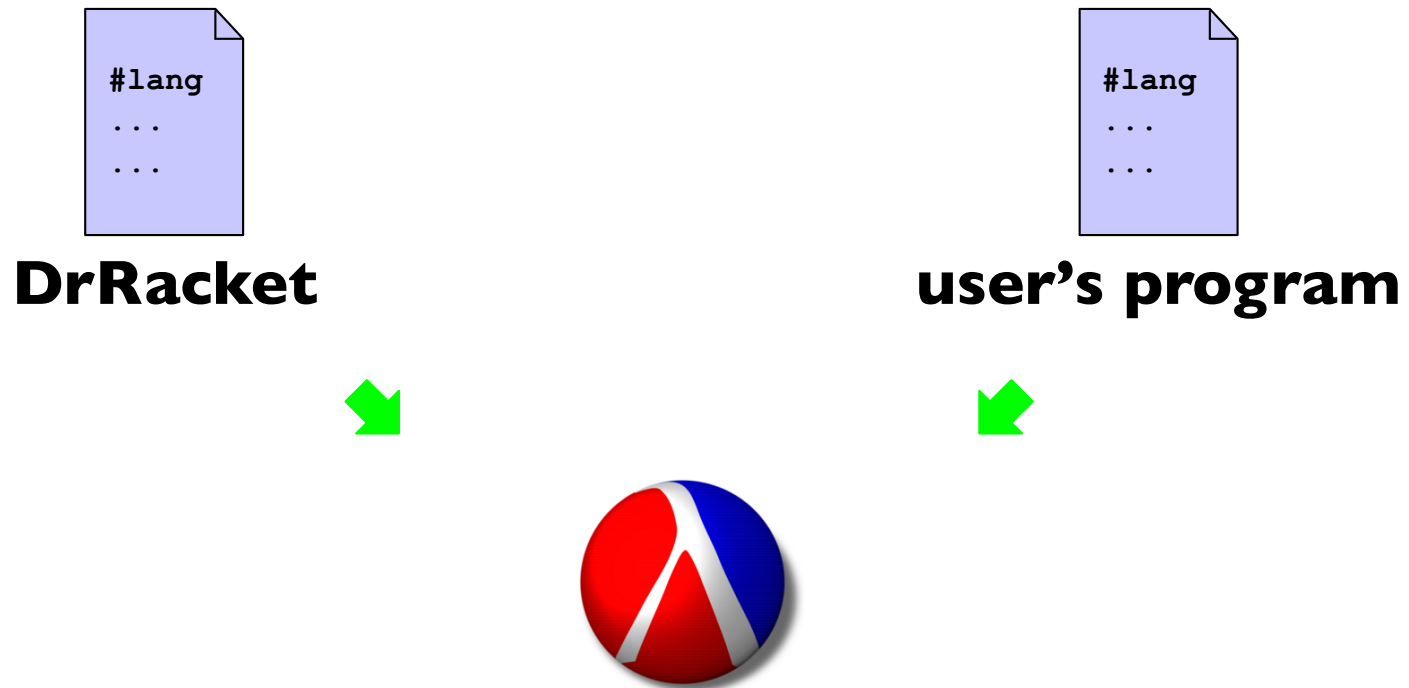
Process Examples



Process Examples



Process Examples



[Run DrRacket](#)

Process Concepts

- Threads
- Process-specific state (e.g., current directory)
- Graphical event loops
- Debugging capabilities
- Resource accounting
- Terminate a process and reclaim resources

Threads

```
(require "spin-display.rkt") eval
```

```
(define (spin)  
  (rotate-a-little)  
  (sleep 0.1)  
  (spin))
```

```
(define spinner (thread spin)) eval
```

```
(kill-thread spinner) eval
```

Parameters – Thread-local State

```
(printf "Hello\n")  
(fprintf (current-output-port) "Hola\n")  
(fprintf (current-error-port) "Goodbye\n")  
(error "Ciao") eval
```

```
(parameterize ([current-error-port (current-output-port)])  
  (error "Au Revoir")) eval
```

```
(parameterize ([current-error-port (current-output-port)])  
  (thread  
    (lambda ()  
      (error "再见"))))) eval
```

Eventspaces – Concurrent GUIs

```
(thread (lambda () (message-box "One" "Hi")))
(thread (lambda () (message-box "Two" "Bye"))) eval
```

```
(thread (lambda () (message-box "One" "Hi")))
(parameterize ([current-eventspace (make-eventspace)])
  (thread (lambda () (message-box "Two" "Bye")))) eval
```

Custodians – Termination and Clean-up

```
(define c (make-custodian))  
(parameterize ([current-custodian c])  
  ....) eval  
  
(custodian-shutdown-all c) eval
```

Custodians – Resource Limits

```
(define (run-away)
  (cons 1 (run-away)))
```

```
(custodian-limit-memory c 2000000)
```

```
(parameterize ([current-custodian c])
```

```
  ....
```

```
  (thread run-away))
```

eval

Building a Programming Environment

[RacketEsq](#), a mini DrRacket

GUI – Frame

```
(define frame
  (new frame%
    [label "RacketEsq"]
    [width 400]
    [height 175]))

(send frame show #t)
```

eval

GUI – Reset Button

```
(new button%  
  [label "Reset"]  
  [parent frame]  
  [callback (lambda (b e)  
              (reset-program))])
```

eval

GUI – Interaction Area

```
(define repl-display-canvas  
  (new editor-canvas%  
    [parent frame]))
```

eval

GUI – Interaction Buffer

```
(define esq-text%  
  (class text% .... (evaluate str) ....))  
  
(define repl-editor (new esq-text%))  
(send repl-display-canvas set-editor repl-editor)
```

eval

Evaluator

```
(define (evaluate expr-str)
  (thread
    (lambda ()
      (print (eval (read (open-input-string expr-str))))
      (newline)
      (send repl-editor new-prompt))))))
```

eval

Evaluator Output

```
(define user-output-port
  (make-output-port .... repl-editor ....))

(define (evaluate expr-str)
  (parameterize ([current-output-port user-output-port])
    (thread
      (lambda ()
        ....))))
```

eval

Evaluating GUIs

```
(define user-eventspace (make-eventspace))
```

```
(define (evaluate expr-str)
  (parameterize ([current-output-port user-output-port]
                 [current-eventspace user-eventspace])
    (thread
      (lambda ()
        ....))))
```

[eval](#)

Custodian for Evaluation

```
(define user-custodian (make-custodian))

(define user-eventspace
  (parameterize ([current-custodian user-custodian])
    (make-eventspace)))

(define (evaluate expr-str)
  (parameterize ([current-output-port user-output-port]
                [current-eventspace user-eventspace]
                [current-custodian user-custodian])
    (thread
      (lambda ()
        ...))))
```

eval

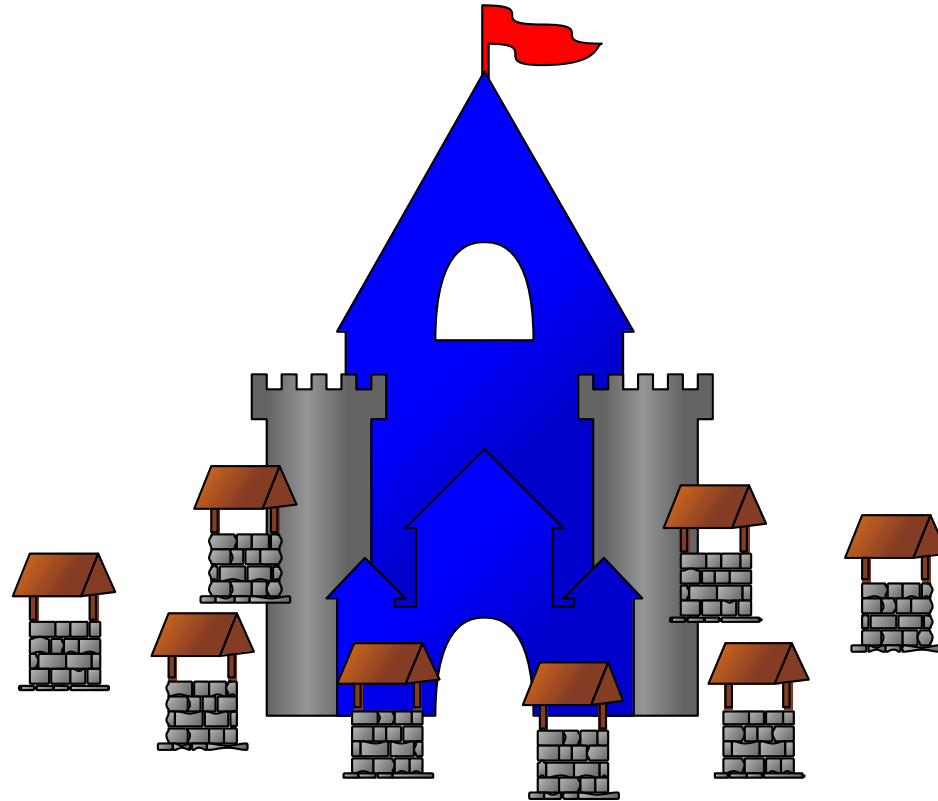
Reset Evaluation

```
(define (reset-program)
  (custodian-shutdown-all user-custodian)

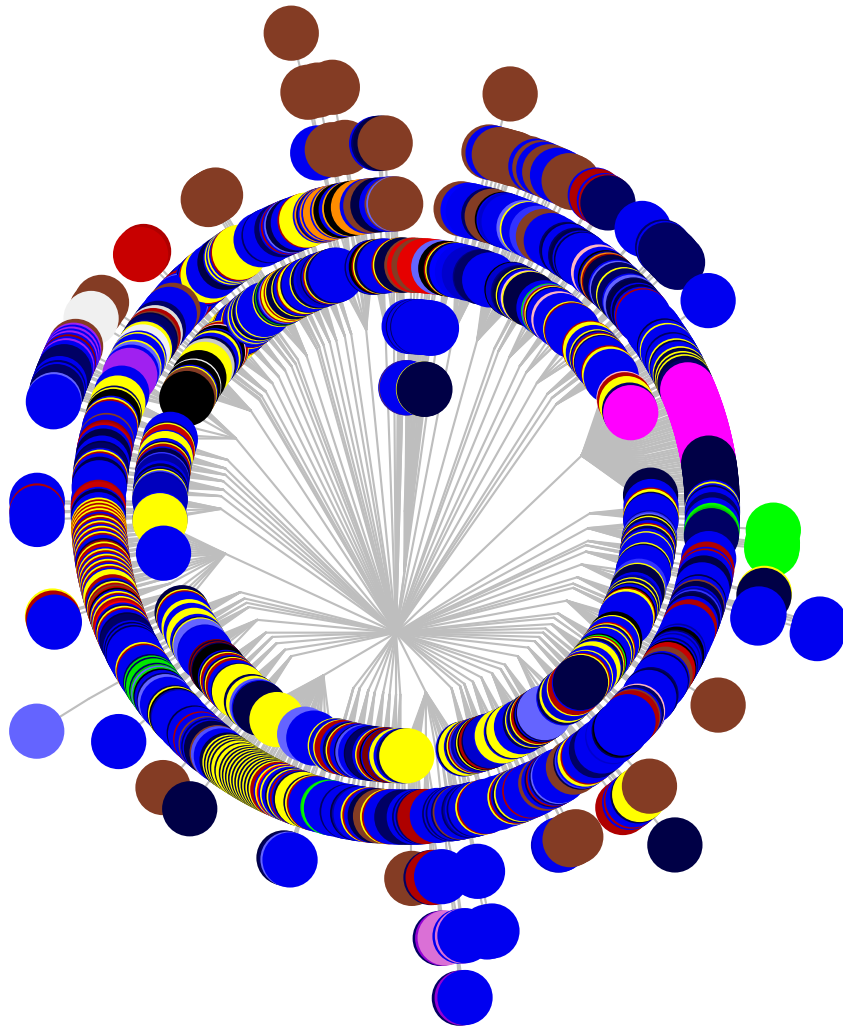
  (set! user-custodian (make-custodian))
  (parameterize ((current-custodian user-custodian))
    (set! user-eventspace (make-eventspace))
    (send repl-editor reset)))
```

eval

Language Extensibility



Languages in the Racket Distribution



- mzscheme
- racket
- racket/private
- racket/unit
- racket/private/base
- #%kernel
- racket/load
- racket/base
- racket/private/provider
- racket/signature
- slideshow
- racket/gui
- at-exp scheme/base
- at-exp racket/base
- scribble/doc
- scribble/manual
- scribble/base/reader
- scribble/lp
- deinprogramm/DMdA
- htdp/as1
- htdp/is1+
- htdp/bs1
- frtime/lang-utils
- frtime/frtime-lang-only
- frtime
- syntax/module-reader
- web-server/insta
- meta/web
- web-server
- srfi/provider
- typed/racket
- typed-scheme/minimal
- r6rs
- r5rs
- setup/infotab
- everything else

A Text Adventure Game

You're standing in a field.

There is a house to the north.

> north

You are standing in front of a house.

There is a door here.

> open door

The door is locked.

>

Implementing a Text Adventure Game

- **Places**
- **Things**
- **Verbs**
 - global intransitive verbs
 - place-local intransitive verbs
 - thing-specific transitive verbs

Implementing a Text Adventure Game

- **Places**

Objects?

- **Things**

Need not only serialize, but save & restore variables

- **Verbs**

- global intransitive verbs
- place-local verbs
- thing-specific verbs

Methods?

Must convert between string command and method call

Adventure Game Data

```
; A place is
; (place symbol list-of-thing dict-of-verb-to-function)
(struct place (desc [things #:mutable] actions))

; A thing is
; (thing symbol any dict-of-verb-to-function)
(struct thing (name [state #:mutable] actions))

; A verb is
; (verb list-of-symbol string boolean)
(struct verb (aliases desc transitive?))
```


Version 0: Longhand

```
(define north (verb (list 'north 'n) "go north" #f))  
(record-element! 'north north)
```

```
(define south (verb (list 'south 's) "go south" #f))  
(record-element! 'south south)
```

....

```
(define get (verb (list 'get 'grab 'take) "take" #t))  
(record-element! 'get get)
```

```
(define put (verb (list 'put 'drop 'leave) "drop" #t))  
(record-element! 'put put)
```

....

Version 0: Longhand

```
(define door
  (thing 'door
    #f
    (list
      (cons open
        (lambda ()
          (if (have-thing? key)
              (begin
                (set-thing-state! door 'open)
                "The door is now unlocked and open.")
              "The door is locked.")))
      (cons close
        (lambda ()
          (begin
            (set-thing-state! door #f)
            "The door is now closed.")))
      (cons knock
        (lambda ()
          "No one is home."))))))
(record-element! 'door door)
```

Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

define a pattern-based macro

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id
                               [vrb expr] ...)
  (begin
    (define id
      (thing 'id #f (list (cons vrb (lambda () expr)) ...)))
    (record-element! 'id id)))
```

use

```
(define-thing door
  [close (if (have-thing? key)
            (begin
              (set-thing-state! door 'open)
              "The door is now unlocked and open.")
            "The door is locked.")])
[open (begin
      (set-thing-state! door #f)
      "The door is now closed.")])
[knock "No one is home."])
```

Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

pattern

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id
                               [vr expr] ...)
  (begin
    (define id
      (thing 'id #f (list (cons vr (lambda () expr)) ...)))
    (record-element! 'id id)))
```

use

```
(define-thing door
  [close (if (have-thing? key)
            (begin
              (set-thing-state! door 'open)
              "The door is now unlocked and open.")
            "The door is locked.")])
[open (begin
      (set-thing-state! door #f)
      "The door is now closed.")])
[knock "No one is home."])
```

Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id
                               [vrb expr] ...)
```

template

```
(begin
  (define id
    (thing 'id #f (list (cons vrb (lambda () expr)) ...)))
  (record-element! 'id id)))
```

use

```
(define-thing door
  [close (if (have-thing? key)
            (begin
              (set-thing-state! door 'open)
              "The door is now unlocked and open.")
            "The door is locked.")]
  [open (begin
        (set-thing-state! door #f)
        "The door is now closed.")]
  [knock "No one is home.]])
```

Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id
                               [vrb expr] ...)
  (begin
    (define id
      (thing 'id #f (list (cons vrb (lambda () expr)) ...)))
    (record-element! 'id id)))
```

use

```
(define-thing door
  [close (if (have-thing? key)
            (begin
              (set-thing-state! door 'open)
              "The door is now unlocked and open.")
            "The door is locked.")]
  [open (begin
        (set-thing-state! door #f)
        "The door is now closed.")]
  [knock "No one is home."])
```

Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id
                               [vr expr] ...)
  (begin
    (define id
      (thing 'id #f (list (cons vr (lambda () expr)) ...)))
    (record-element! 'id id)))
```

use

```
(define-thing door
  [close (if (have-thing? key)
            (begin
              (set-thing-state! door 'open)
              "The door is now unlocked and open.")
            "The door is locked.")]
  [open (begin
        (set-thing-state! door #f)
        "The door is now closed.")]
  [knock "No one is home.]])
```

Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id
                               [vr expr] ...)
  (begin
    (define id
      (thing 'id #f (list (cons vr (lambda () expr)) ...)))
    (record-element! 'id id)))
```

use

```
(define-thing door
  [close (if (have-thing? key)
            (begin
              (set-thing-state! door 'open)
              "The door is now unlocked and open.")
            "The door is locked.")])
  [open (begin
        (set-thing-state! door #f)
        "The door is now closed.")])
  [knock "No one is home."])
```


Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-verbs all-id
                        [id spec ...] ...)
  (begin
    (define-one-verb id spec ...) ...
    (record-element! 'id id) ...
    (define all-id (list id ...))))

(define-syntax define-one-verb
  (syntax-rules (= _)
    [(define-one-verb id (= alias ...) desc)
     (define id (verb (list 'id 'alias ...) desc #f))]
    [(define-one-verb id _ (= alias ...) desc)
     (define id (verb (list 'id 'alias ...) desc #t))]))
```

use

```
(define-verbs all-verbs
  [north (= n) "go north"]
  [south (= s) "go south"]
  ....
  [get _ (= grab take) "take"]
  [put _ (= drop leave) "drop"]
  ....)
```

no _ : intransitive

has _ : transitive

Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-verbs all-id
                        [id spec ...] ...)
  (begin
    (define-one-verb id spec ...) ...
    (record-element! 'id id) ...
    (define all-id (list id ...))))

(define-syntax define-one-verb helper macro
  (syntax-rules (= _)
    [(define-one-verb id (= alias ...) desc)
     (define id (verb (list 'id 'alias ...) desc #f))]
    [(define-one-verb id _ (= alias ...) desc)
     (define id (verb (list 'id 'alias ...) desc #t))]))
```

use

```
(define-verbs all-verbs
  [north (= n) "go north"]
  [south (= s) "go south"]
  ....
  [get _ (= grab take) "take"]
  [put _ (= drop leave) "drop"]
  ....)
```

Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-verbs all-id
                        [id spec ...] ...)
  (begin
    (define-one-verb id spec ...) ...
    (record-element! 'id id) ...
    (define-syntax (define a macro (list id ...))))))

(define-syntax define-one-verb
  (syntax-rules (match multiple patterns)
    [(define-one-verb id (= alias ...) desc)
     (define id (verb (list 'id 'alias ...) desc #f))]
    [(define-one-verb id _ (= alias ...) desc)
     (define id (verb (list 'id 'alias ...) desc #t))]))
```

use

```
(define-verbs all-verbs
  [north (= n) "go north"]
  [south (= s) "go south"]
  ....
  [get _ (= grab take) "take"]
  [put _ (= drop leave) "drop"]
  ....)
```

Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-verbs all-id
                        [id spec ...] ...)
  (begin
    (define-one-verb id spec ...) ...
    (record-element! 'id id) ...
    (define all-id (list id ...))))

(define-syntax define-one-verb
  (syntax-rules (=           )
    [(define-one-verb id (= alias ...) desc)
     (define id (verb (list 'id 'alias ...) desc #f))]
    [(define-one-verb id            (= alias ...) desc)
     (define id (verb (list 'id 'alias ...) desc #t))]))
```

literals

use

```
(define-verbs all-verbs
  [north (= n) "go north"]
  [south (= s) "go south"]
  ....
  [get            (= grab take) "take"]
  [put            (= drop leave) "drop"]
  ....)
```

Version I: Syntactic Abstraction

definition

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-verbs all-id
                          [id spec ...] ...)
  (begin
    (define-one-verb id spec ...) ...
    (record-element! 'id id) ...
    (define all-id (list id ...))))

(define-syntax define-one-verb
  (syntax-rules (= _)
    [(define-one-verb id (= alias ...) desc)
     (define id (verb (list 'id 'alias ...) desc #f))]
    [(define-one-verb id _ (= alias ...) desc)
     (define id (verb (list 'id 'alias ...) desc #t))]))
```

use

```
(define-verbs all-verbs
  [north (= n) "go north"]
  [south (= s) "go south"]
  ....
  [get _ (= grab take) "take"]
  [put _ (= drop leave) "drop"]
  ....)
```

Version 2: Syntactic Extension

```
#lang racket
(provide define-verbs define-thing
         define-place define-everywhere
         ....)
```

.....

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id
                                [vrb expr] ...)
```

```
(begin
  (define id
    (thing 'id #f
          (list (cons vrb (lambda ()
                          expr))
                ...))))
(record-element! 'id id))
```

.....

not exported, works anyway: lexical scope

`txtadv.rkt`

```
#lang racket
(require "txtadv.rkt")

(define-verbs ....)
(define-everywhere ....)
(define-thing ....) ...
(define-place ....) ...
```

`world.rkt`

Version 3: Module Language

```
#lang racket
(provide define-verbs define-thing
         define-place define-everywhere
         ....

         cons first rest lambda ....

         #%module-begin)
....
```

`txtadv.rkt`

specify language

```
#lang s-exp "txtadv.rkt"

(define-verbs ....)
(define-everywhere ....)
(define-thing ....) ...
(define-place ....) ...
```

`world.rkt`

Version 3: Module Language

still using parentheses

```
#lang racket
(provide define-verbs define-thing
         define-place define-everywhere
         ....

         cons first rest lambda ....

         #%module-begin)
....
```

`txtadv.rkt`

```
#lang s-exp "txtadv.rkt"

(define-verbs ....)
(define-everywhere ....)
(define-thing ....) ...
(define-place ....) ...
```

`world.rkt`

Version 3: Module Language

only `txtadv.rkt` exports available

```
#lang racket
(provide define-verbs define-thing
         define-place define-everywhere
         ....

         cons first rest lambda ....

         #%module-begin)
....
```

`txtadv.rkt`

```
#lang s-exp "txtadv.rkt"

(define-verbs ....)
(define-everywhere ....)
(define-thing ....) ...
(define-place ....) ...
```

`world.rkt`

Version 3: Module Language

```
#lang racket
(provide define-verbs define-thing
         define-place define-everywhere
         .... re-export from racket
         cons first rest lambda ....

#%module-begin)

....
```

`txtadv.rkt`

```
#lang s-exp "txtadv.rkt"

(define-verbs ....)
(define-everywhere ....)
(define-thing ....) ...
(define-place ....) ...
```

`world.rkt`

Version 3: Module Language

```
#lang racket
(provide define-verbs define-thing
         define-place define-everywhere
         ....

 cons first rest lambda ....

#%module-begin)
....
```

macro for whole module body

`txtadv.rkt`

```
#lang s-exp "txtadv.rkt"

(define-verbs ....)
(define-everywhere ....)
(define-thing ....) ...
(define-place ....) ...
```

`world.rkt`

Version 4: Types

```
(define-place room
  "You're in the house."
  [trophy desert]
  ([out house-front]))
```

~~runtime error: message not understood~~
syntax error: `desert' does not have type `thing'

Version 4: Types

start compile-time code

```
(begin-for-syntax
```

```
  (struct typed (id type) #:property prop:procedure ....))
```

```
(define-syntax check-type
```

```
  (lambda (stx)
```

```
    (syntax-case stx ()
```

```
      [(check-type id type)
```

```
        (let ([t (syntax-local-value #'id)])
```

```
          (unless (and (typed? t)
```

```
                      (equal? (syntax-e #'type) (typed-type t)))
```

```
                        (raise-type-error))
```

```
          #'id)]))
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id ....)
```

```
  (define-syntax id (typed #'gen-id "thing"))
```

```
  (define gen-id (thing ....))
```

```
  ....)
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-place id desc (thng ...) ....)
```

```
  .... (place desc (list (check-type thng "thing") ...) ....)
```

```
  ....)
```

Version 4: Types

a compile-time record declaration

```
(begin-for-syntax  
  (struct typed (id type) #:property prop:procedure ....))
```

```
(define-syntax check-type  
  (lambda (stx)  
    (syntax-case stx ()  
      [(check-type id type)  
       (let ([t (syntax-local-value #'id)])  
         (unless (and (typed? t)  
                      (equal? (syntax-e #'type) (typed-type t)))  
           (raise-type-error))  
         #'id])]))))
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id ....)  
  (define-syntax id (typed #'gen-id "thing"))  
  (define gen-id (thing ....))  
  ....)
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-place id desc (thng ...) ....)  
  .... (place desc (list (check-type thng "thing") ...) ....)  
  ....)
```

Version 4: Types

```
(begin-for-syntax  
  (struct typed (id type) #:property prop:procedure ....))
```

```
(define-syntax check-type  
  (lambda (stx)  
    (syntax-case stx ()  
      [(check-type id type)  
       (let ([t (syntax-local-value #'id)])  
         (unless (and (typed? t)  
                      (equal? (syntax-e #'type) (typed-type t)))  
           (raise-type-error))  
         #'id])]))))
```

bind *id* to a compile-time record

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id ....)  
  (define-syntax id (typed #'gen-id "thing"))  
  (define gen-id (thing ....))  
  ....)
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-place id desc (thng ...) ....)  
  .... (place desc (list (check-type thng "thing") ...) ....)  
  ....)
```

Version 4: Types

```
(begin-for-syntax
  (struct typed (id type) #:property prop:procedure ....))

(define-syntax check-type
  (lambda (stx)
    (syntax-case stx ()
      [(check-type id type)
       (let ([t (syntax-local-value #'id)])
         (unless (and (typed? t)
                      (equal? (syntax-e #'type) (typed-type t)))
           (raise-type-error)
           #'id)])))))
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id ....)
  (define-syntax id (typed #'gen-id "thing"))
  (define gen-id (thing ....))
  ....)
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-place id desc (thng ...) ....)
  .... (place desc (list (check-type thng "thing") ...) ....)
  ....)
```

check type of *thng*

Version 4: Types

```
(begin-for-syntax  
  (struct typed (id t bind to a compile-time function (i.e., macro) ...))
```


```
(define-syntax check-type  
  (lambda (stx)  
    (syntax-case stx ()  
      [(check-type id type)  
       (let ([t (syntax-local-value #'id)])  
         (unless (and (typed? t)  
                      (equal? (syntax-e #'type) (typed-type t)))  
           (raise-type-error))  
         #'id])]))))
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id ....)  
  (define-syntax id (typed #'gen-id "thing"))  
  (define gen-id (thing ....))  
  ....)
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-place id desc (thng ...) ....)  
  .... (place desc (list (check-type thng "thing") ...) ....)  
  ....)
```

Version 4: Types

```
(begin-for-syntax  
  (struct typed (id type) #:property prop:procedure ....))
```

```
(define-syntax check-type  
  (lambda (stx)  
    (syntax-case stx ()  
      [(check-type id type)   
        (let ([t (syntax-local-value #'id)])  
          (unless (and (typed? t)  
                      (equal? (syntax-e #'type) (typed-type t)))  
            (raise-type-error))  
          #'id)])))))
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id ....)  
  (define-syntax id (typed #'gen-id "thing"))  
  (define gen-id (thing ....))  
  ....)
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-place id desc (thng ...) ....)  
  .... (place desc (list (check-type thng "thing") ...) ....)  
  ....)
```




Version 4: Types

```
(begin-for-syntax  
  (struct typed (id type) #:property prop:procedure ...))
```

```
(define-syntax check-type  
  (lambda (stx)  
    (syntax-case stx ()  
      [(check-type id type)  
       (let ([t (syntax-local-value #'id)])  
         (unless (and (typed? t)  
                      (equal? (syntax-e #'type) (typed-type t)))  
           (raise-type-error))  
         #'id])]))))
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-thing id ....)  
  (define-syntax id (typed #'gen-id "thing"))  
  (define gen-id (thing ...))  
  ....)
```

```
(define-syntax-rule (define-place id desc (thng ...) ....)  
  .... (place desc (list (check-type thng "thing") ...) ...) ....)  
  ....)
```

 = compile time
 = run time
 = bridge

Version 5: New Language

import character-level parser...

```
#lang reader "txtadv-reader.rkt"
```

```
===VERBS===
```

```
north, n
```

```
"go north"
```

```
south, s
```

```
"go south"
```

```
....
```

```
===THINGS===
```

```
---cactus---
```

```
get
```

```
"Ouch!"
```

```
....
```

```
world.rkt
```

Version 5: New Language

parses into a module that imports `txtadv.rkt`

```
#lang reader "txtadv-reader.rkt"
```

```
===VERBS===
```

```
north, n
```

```
"go north"
```

```
south, s
```

```
"go south"
```

```
....
```

```
===THINGS===
```

```
---cactus---
```

```
get
```

```
"Ouch!"
```

```
....
```

`world.rkt`

Version 5: New Language

```
#lang reader "txtadv-reader.rkt"
```

```
===VERBS===
```

```
north, n
```

```
"go north"
```

```
south, s
```

```
"go south"
```

```
....
```

```
===THINGS===
```

```
---cactus---
```

```
get
```

```
"Ouch!"
```

```
....
```

```
#lang racket
```

```
(require syntax/readerr)
```

```
(provide read-syntax)
```

```
(define (read-syntax src in)
```

```
...
```

```
(datum->syntax
```

```
#f
```

```
`(module world "txtadv.rkt"
```

```
....)))
```

txtadv-reader.rkt

world.rkt

Version 6: Environment Support

installed with `raco link`

```
#lang txtadv
```

```
===VERBS===
```

```
north, n
```

```
"go north"
```

```
south, s
```

```
"go south"
```

```
...
```

```
===THINGS===
```

```
---cactus---
```

```
get
```

```
"Ouch!"
```

```
...
```

```
world.rkt
```

The Core Racket Grammar?

$\langle \text{module} \rangle ::= \#lang \langle \text{module-name} \rangle \langle \text{any} \rangle$

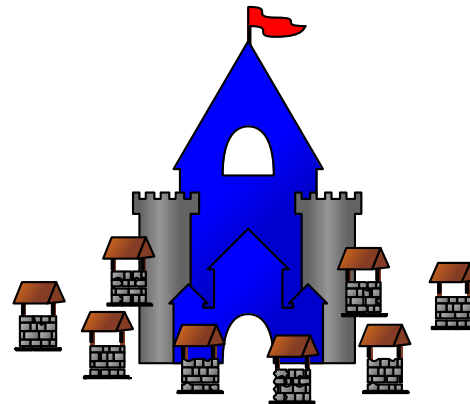
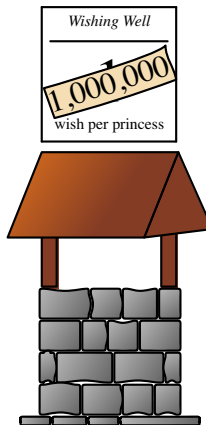
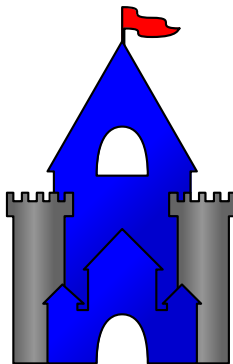
... plus a mapping from $\langle \text{module-name} \rangle$ s to $\langle \text{module} \rangle$ s

... plus one pre-defined $\langle \text{module-name} \rangle$

Racket is...

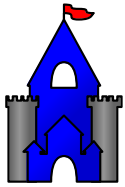


- ... a programming language
- ... a family of programming languages
- ... a set of programming tools
- ... a way of programming





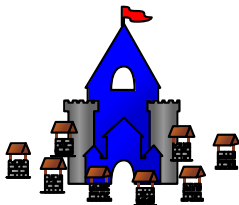
The Racket Way



Everything is a program



Concepts are programming language constructs



The programming language is extensible

racket-lang.org