

# Object File Content

get.c

```
extern int a[];

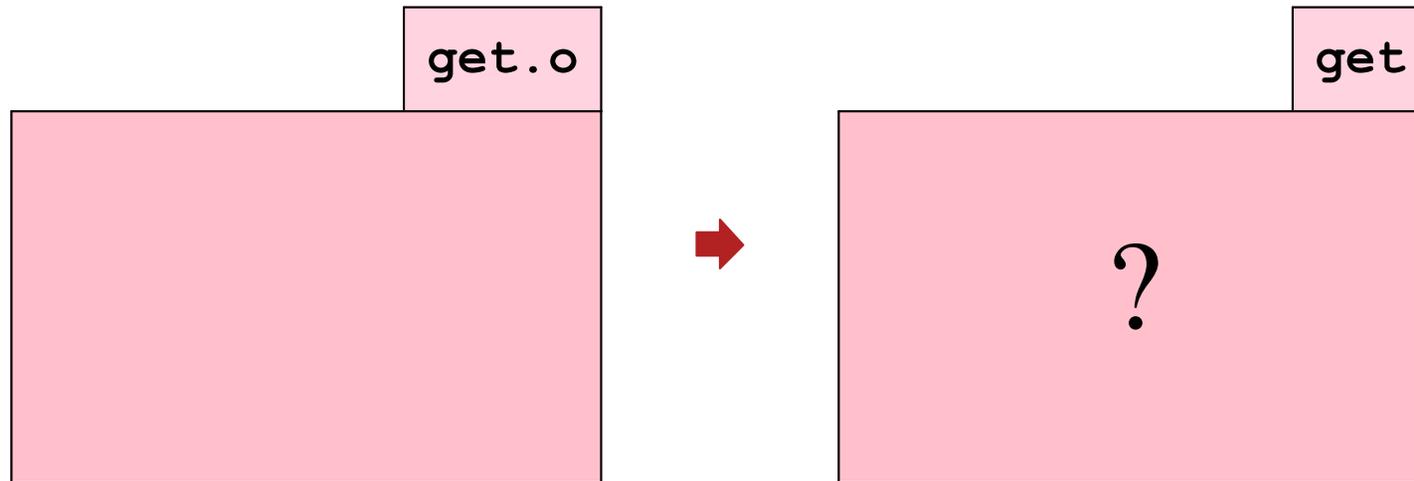
int get_a(int i) {
    return a[i];
}
```



- machine code
- global variable initialization
- defined and used symbols
- debugging information
- backtrace information

... and more!

# Executable Content



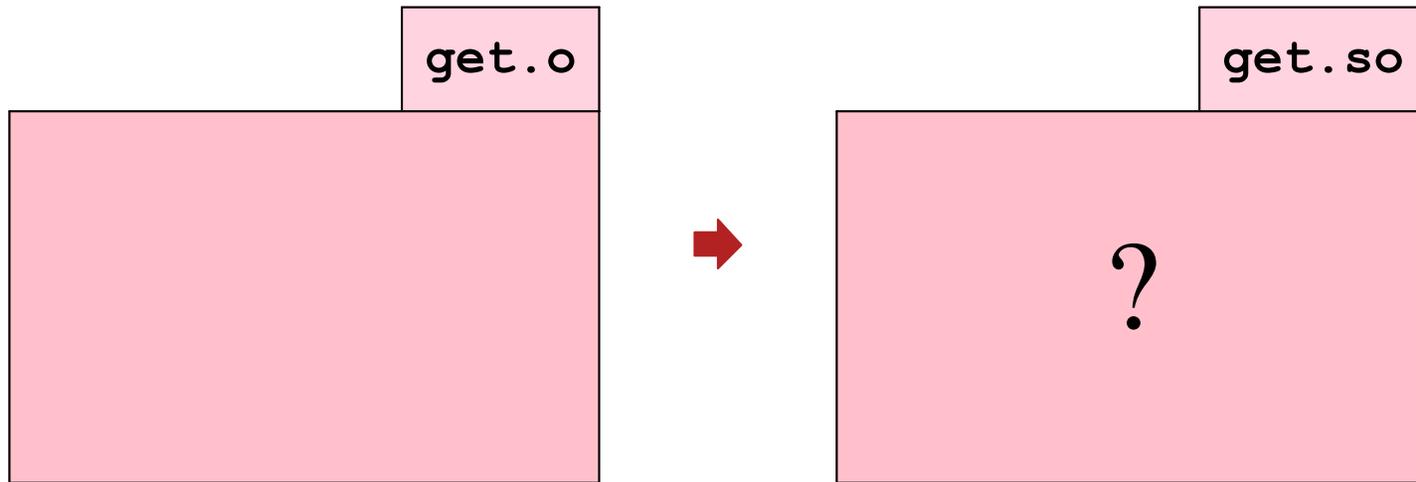
- machine code
- global variable initialization
- defined and used symbols
- debugging information
- backtrace information

... and more!

- machine code
- global variable initialization
- defined and used symbols
- debugging information
- backtrace information

... and more!

# Shared Object Content



- machine code
- global variable initialization
- defined and used symbols
- debugging information
- backtrace information

... and more!

- machine code
- global variable initialization
- defined and used symbols
- debugging information
- backtrace information

... and more!

# ELF

**ELF:** Executable and Linkable Format

On Linux and most other variants of Unix:

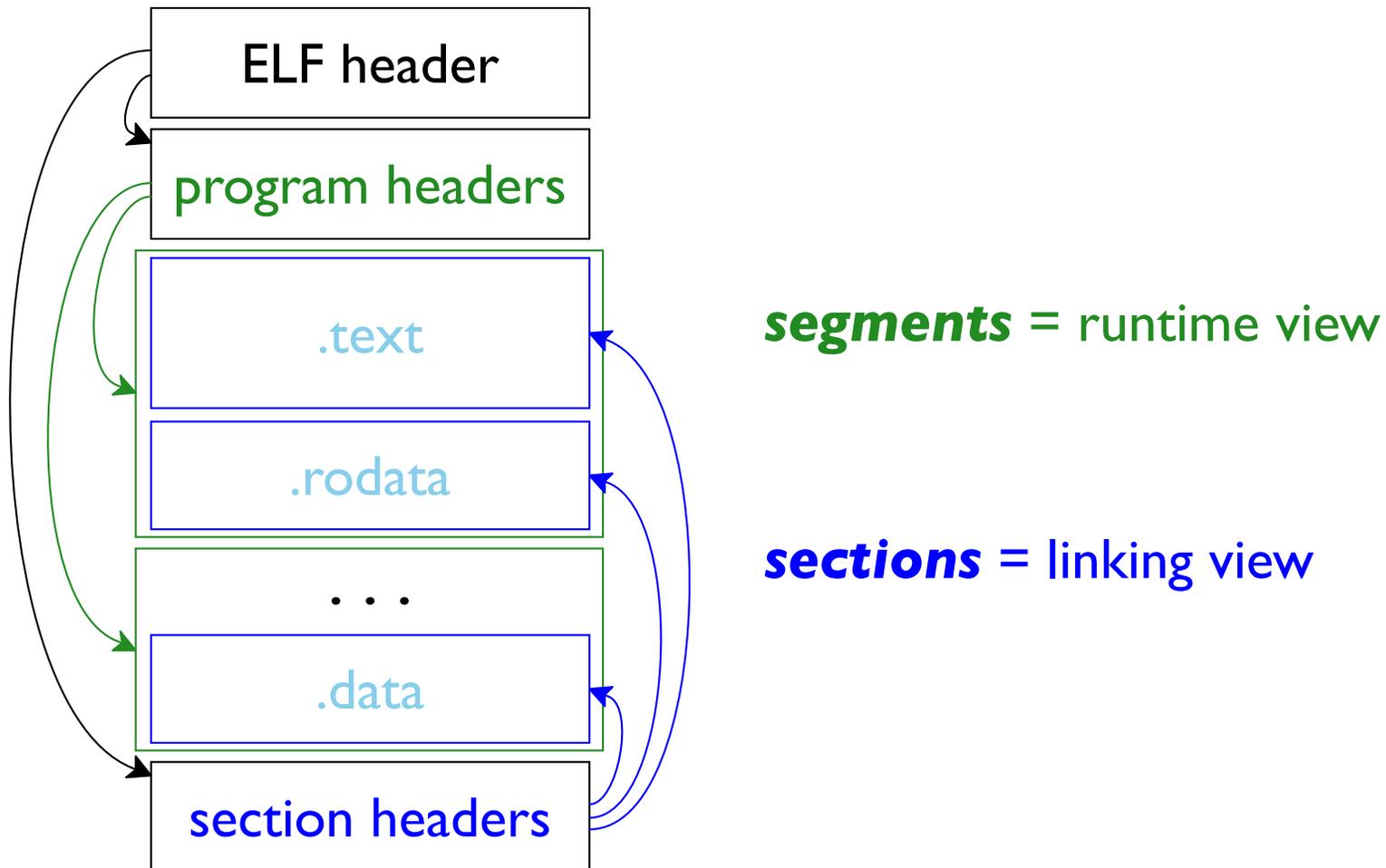
- Object files
- Executables
- Shared libraries

(Not used for static libraries)

Generic container, but tuned for fast loading

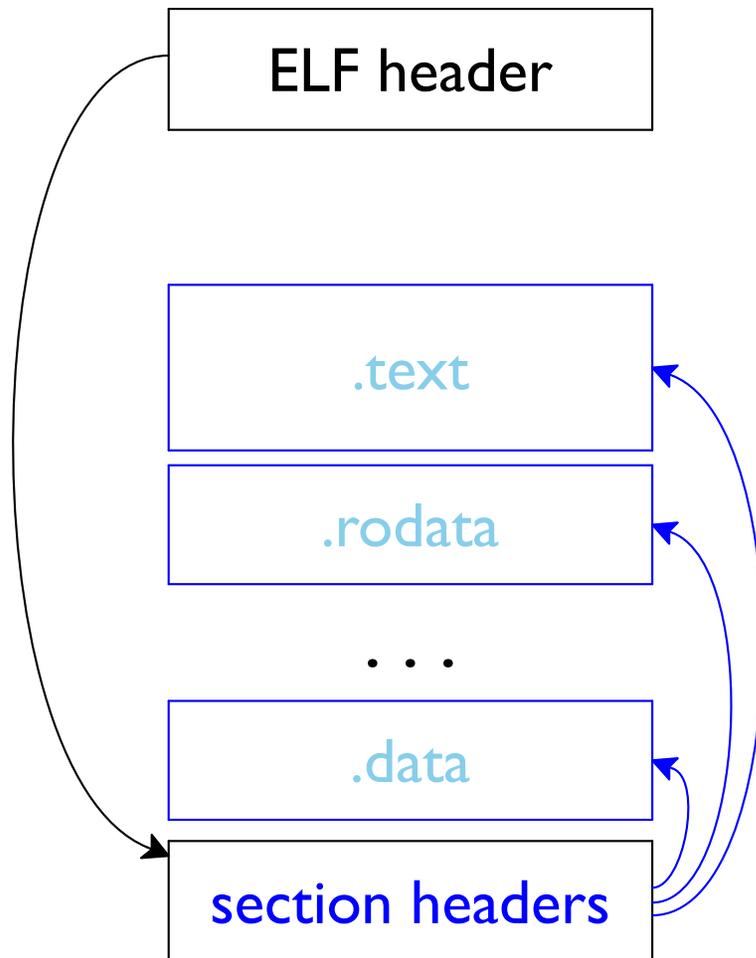
# ELF

**ELF**: Executable and Linkable Format



# ELF

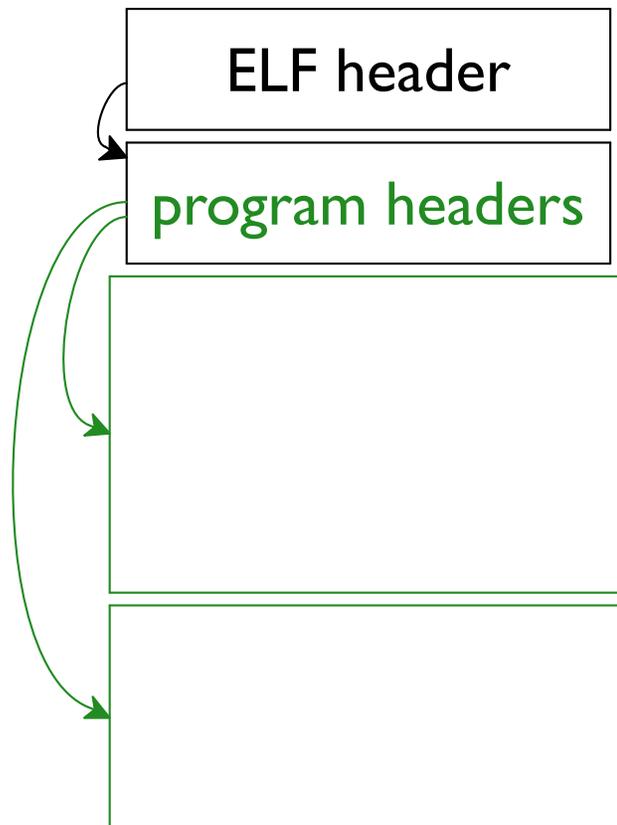
**ELF:** Executable and Linkable Format



Object file: sections only

# ELF

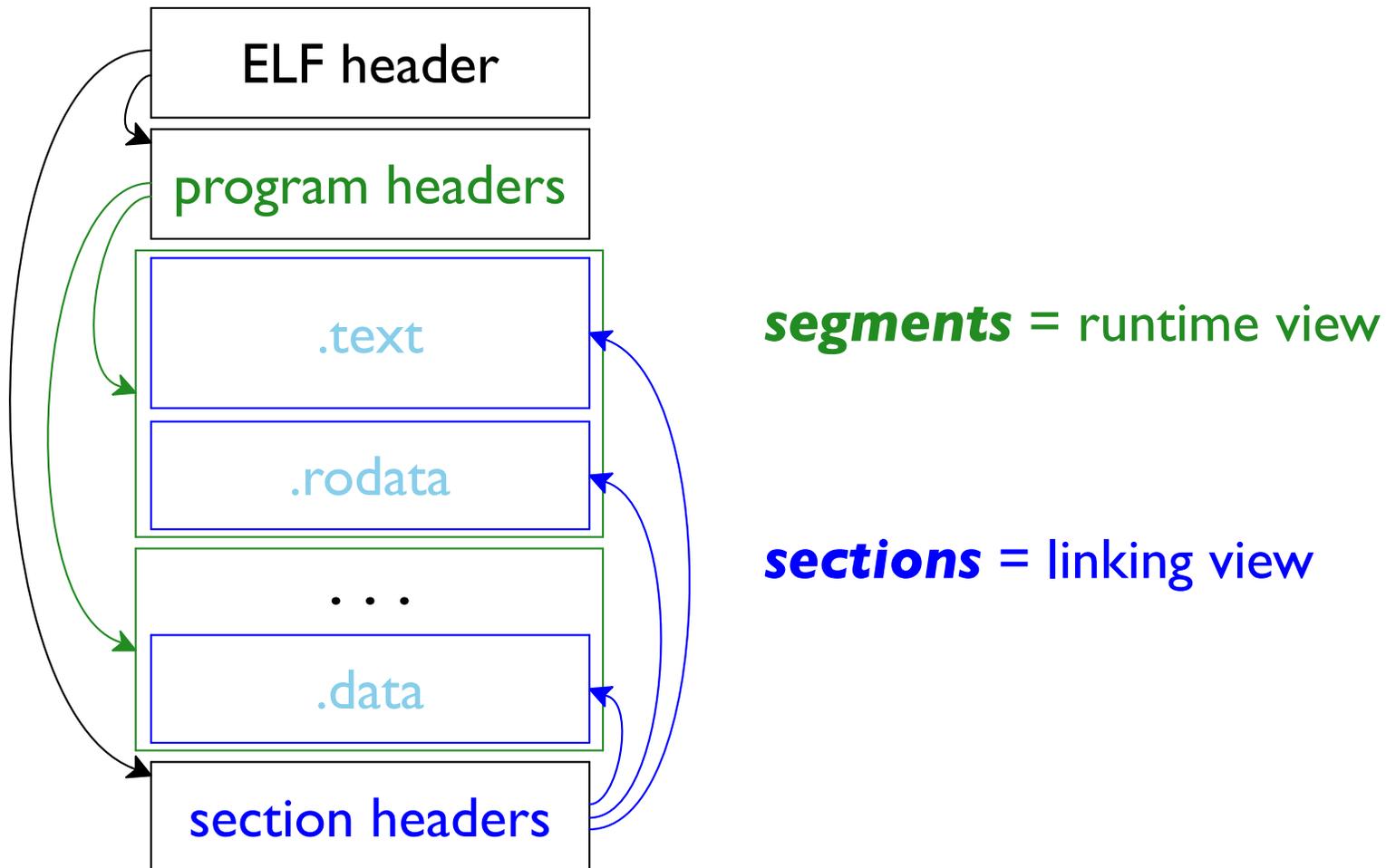
**ELF:** Executable and Linkable Format



Executable: maybe segments only

# ELF

**ELF**: Executable and Linkable Format



# Segments

Segments have **types** assigned by program headers

Meaning of a type is defined by the OS:

**PT\_LOAD** (= 1) — load into memory

**PT\_DYNAMIC** (= 2) — dynamic-linking info

**PT\_INTERP** (= 3) — interpreter of dyn-linking info

**PT\_TLS** (= 7) — thread-local storage

These constants are from **elf.h**

# Sections

Sections have **names** assigned by section headers

Some are standard, others are allowed:

- .text** — machine code
- .bss** — uninitialized global variables
- .data** — initialized global variables
- .rodata** — read-only global variables
- .symtab** — defined/used functions and variables
- .strtab** — strings (referenced by symbols)
- .shstrtab** — strings (referenced by section table)

# Using readelf

```
$ readelf -a demo.o
```

# File Format Details

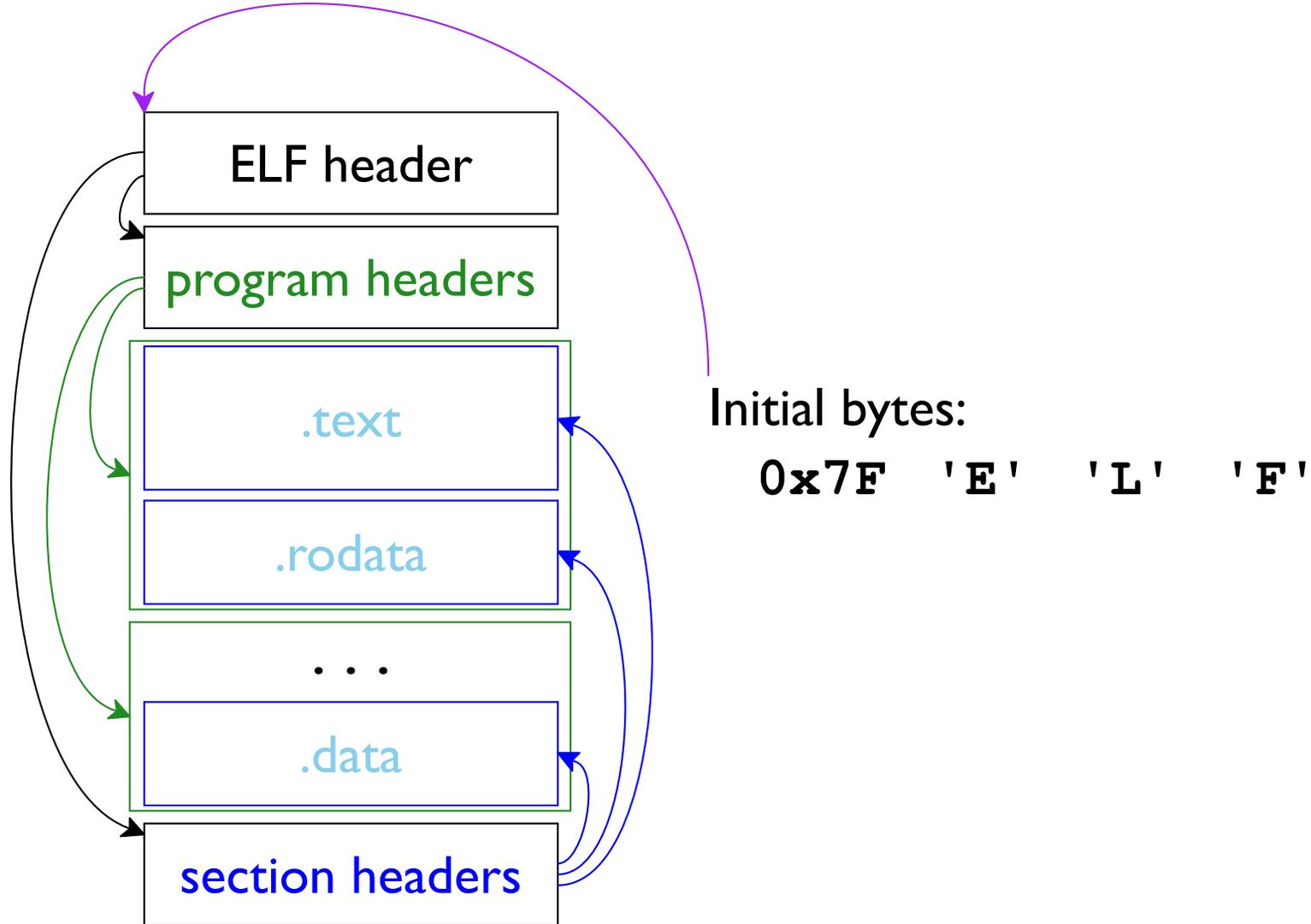
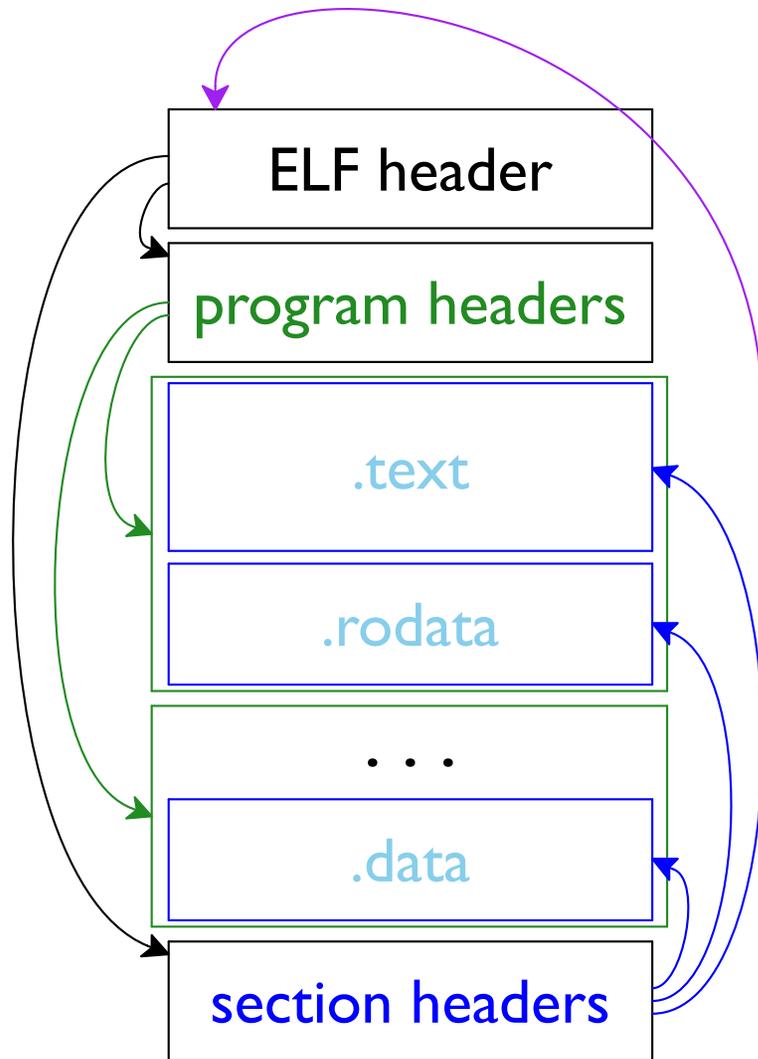


Figure inspired by [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Executable\\_and\\_Linkable\\_Format](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Executable_and_Linkable_Format)

# File Format Details



Bytes 16-17 specify file type:  
**ET\_REL** (= 1) = object file  
**ET\_EXEC** (= 2) = executable  
**ET\_DYN** (= 3) = shared library

Figure inspired by [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Executable\\_and\\_Linkable\\_Format](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Executable_and_Linkable_Format)

# ELF Header

```
/usr/include/elf.h
```

```
typedef struct {
    unsigned char  e_ident[EI_NIDENT]; /* 16 bytes */
    Elf64_Half    e_type; /* File type */
    ....
    Elf64_Addr    e_entry; /* Entry point virtual address */
    Elf64_Off     e_phoff; /* Prog headers file offset */
    Elf64_Off     e_shoff; /* Sec headers file offset */
    ....
    Elf64_Half    e_phentsize; /* Prog headers entry size */
    Elf64_Half    e_phnum; /* Prog headers entry count */
    Elf64_Half    e_shentsize; /* Sec headers entry size */
    Elf64_Half    e_shnum; /* Sec headers entry count */
    Elf64_Half    e_shstrndx; /* Sec string table index */
} Elf64_Ehdr;
```

Copy file into memory, cast pointer to **Elf64\_Ehdr\***

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <elf.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    /* Open the file and get its size: */
    int fd = open(argv[1], O_RDONLY);
    size_t len = lseek(fd, 0, SEEK_END);

    /* Map the whole file into memory: */
    void *p = mmap(NULL, len, PROT_READ, MAP_PRIVATE, fd, 0);

    Elf64_Ehdr *ehdr = (Elf64_Ehdr *)p;

    if ((ehdr->e_ident[0] != 0x7F) || (ehdr->e_ident[1] != 'E')
        || (ehdr->e_ident[2] != 'L') || (ehdr->e_ident[3] != 'F'))
        printf("not an ELF file!\n");

    switch (ehdr->e_type) {
    case ET_REL: printf("object\n"); break;
    case ET_EXEC: printf("executable\n"); break;
    case ET_DYN: printf("shared library\n"); break;
    }

    return 0;
}

```

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# ELF References

Two ways to refer to ELF content:

- **Elf64\_Off** — offset within the file

When we copy a file into memory, equals  
bytes to add to the copy's address

- **Elf64\_Addr** — address when loaded for running

Completely different than the address  
of a plain copy into memory

program headers (for segments) and  
section headers provide a consistent mapping

**Elf64\_Off** → **Elf64\_Addr**

# Run-time Addresses

```
#include <stdio.h>

int a[8] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
const int b[8] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
int c[8];

int main() {
    printf("%p = a\n", a);
    printf("%p = b\n", b);
    printf("%p = c\n", c);
    printf("%p = main\n", main);
    return 0;
}
```

[Copy](#)

**a** resides in the **.data** section

# Run-time Addresses

```
#include <stdio.h>

int a[8] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
const int b[8] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
int c[8];

int main() {
    printf("%p = a\n", a);
    printf("%p = b\n", b);
    printf("%p = c\n", c);
    printf("%p = main\n", main);
    return 0;
}
```

[Copy](#)

**b** resides in the **.rodata** section

# Run-time Addresses

```
#include <stdio.h>

int a[8] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
const int b[8] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
int c[8];

int main() {
    printf("%p = a\n", a);
    printf("%p = b\n", b);
    printf("%p = c\n", c);
    printf("%p = main\n", main);
    return 0;
}
```

[Copy](#)

**c** resides in the **.bss** section

# Run-time Addresses

```
#include <stdio.h>

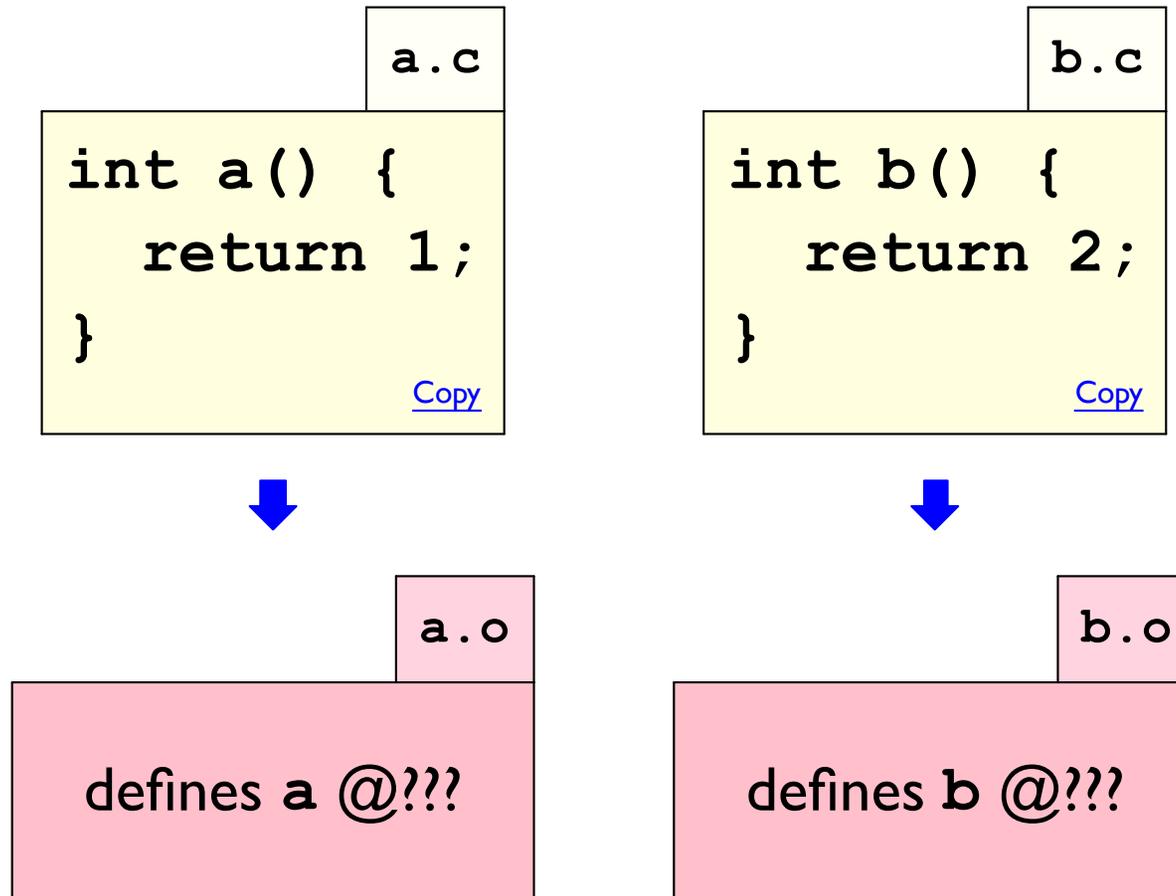
int a[8] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
const int b[8] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
int c[8];

int main() {
    printf("%p = a\n", a);
    printf("%p = b\n", b);
    printf("%p = c\n", c);
    printf("%p = main\n", main);
    return 0;
}
```

[Copy](#)

**main** resides in the **.text** section

# Run-time Addresses in Object Files



How does a compiler avoid using the same address for different functions?

# Run-time Addresses in Object Files

main.c

```
int helper() {  
    return 1;  
}  
  
int main() {  
    return helper();  
}
```

[Copy](#)

```
$ gcc -c main.c  
$ objdump -d main.o  
...  
$ gcc main.o  
$ objdump -d a.out
```

# Run-time Addresses in Object Files

In an object file:

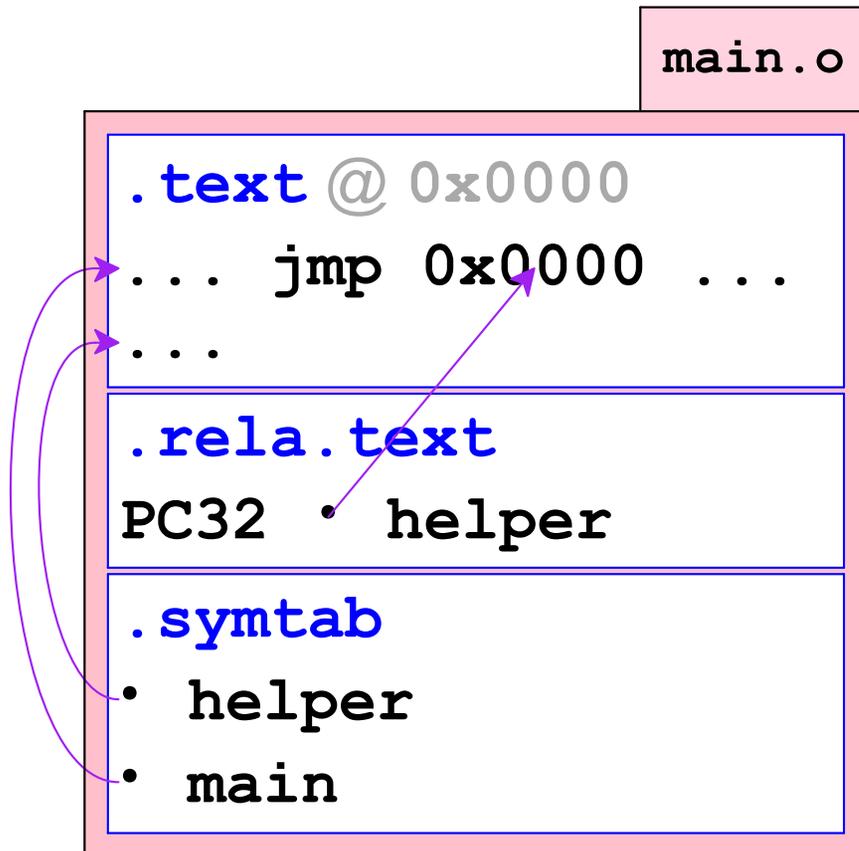
**.text** — machine code with zeroed addresses

**.rela.text** — details on how to fix addresses

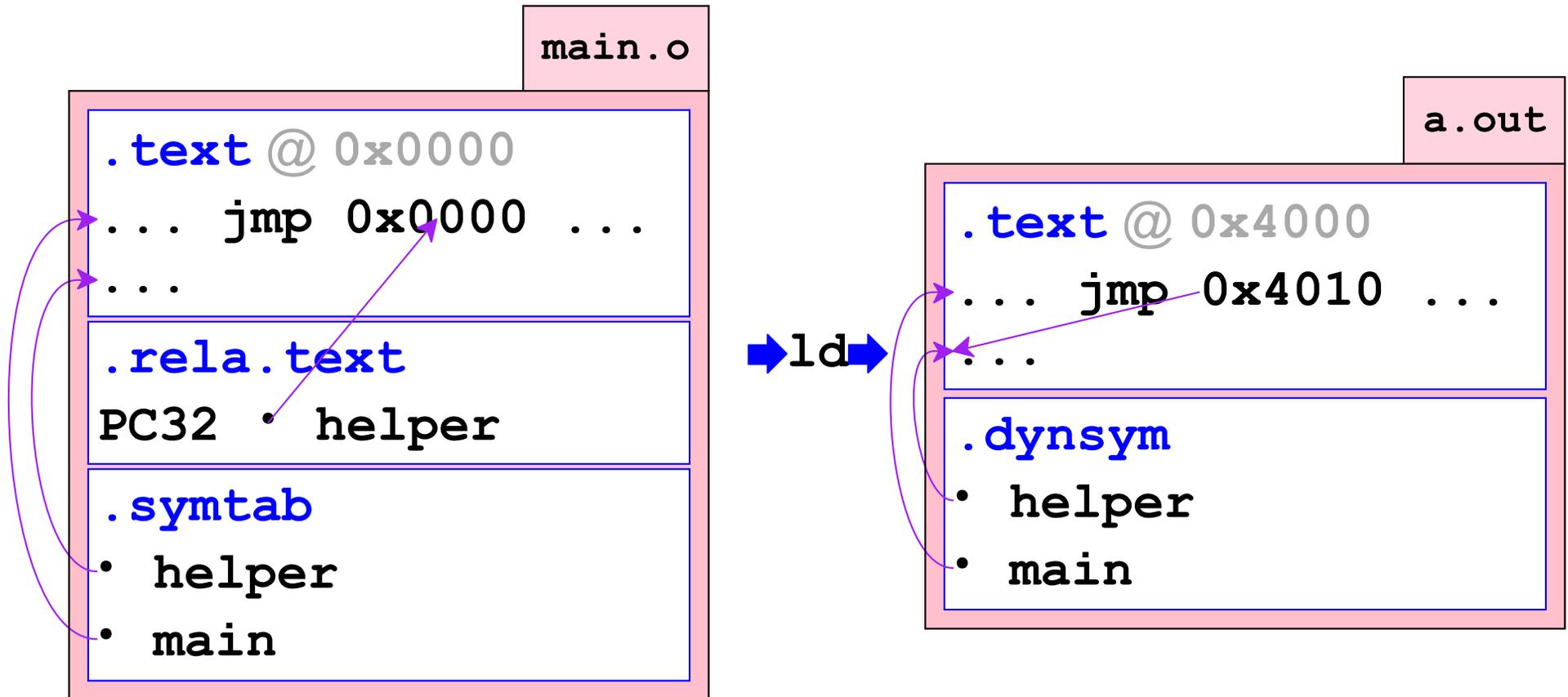
- location in **.text** to repair
- symbol whose final address to use

**.symtab** — maps names to section-relative offsets

# Objects and Linking



# Objects and Linking



# Objects and Linking

a.c

```
int a() {  
    return 1;  
}
```

[Copy](#)

main.c

```
int main() {  
    return a() + b();  
}
```

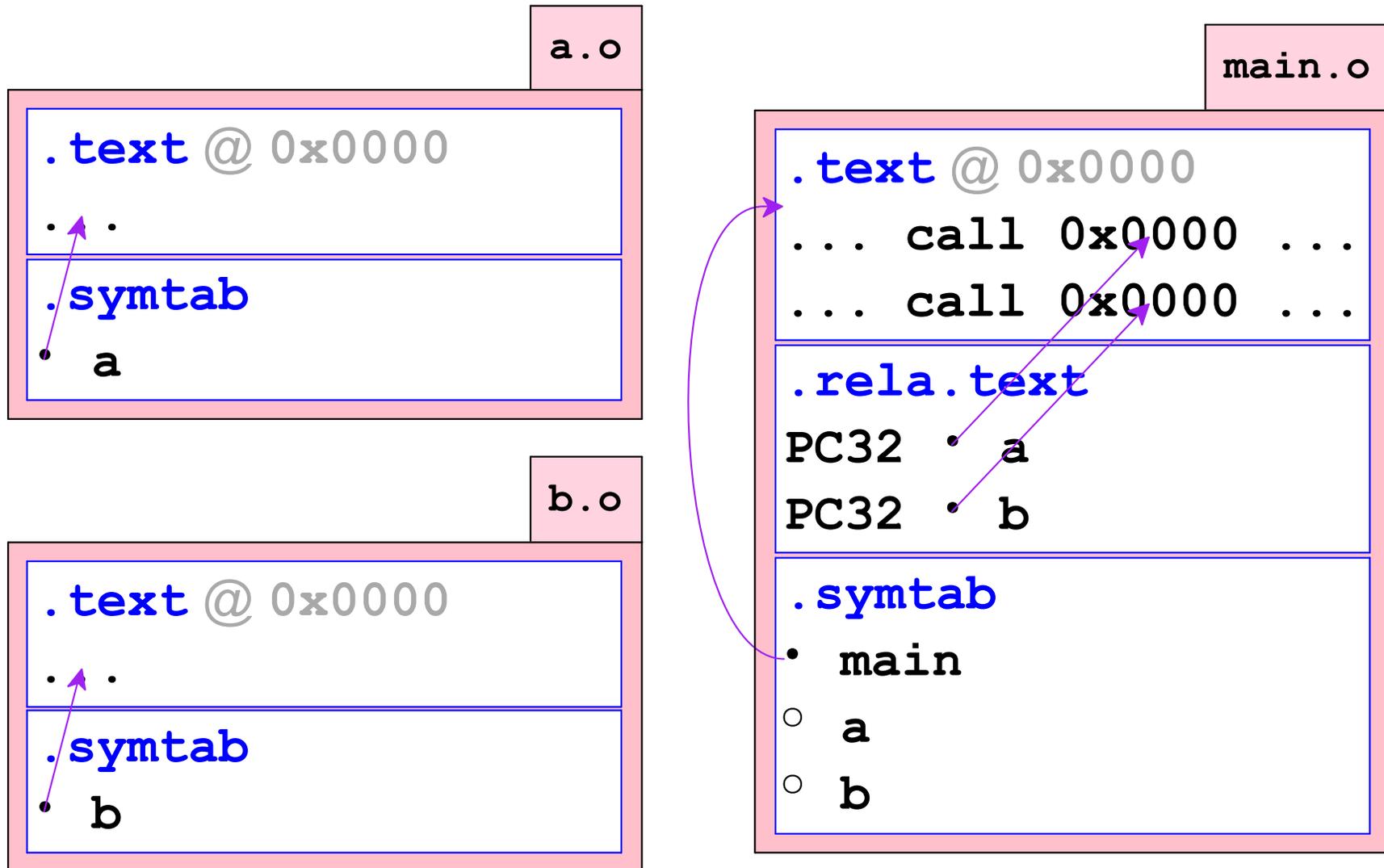
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b.c

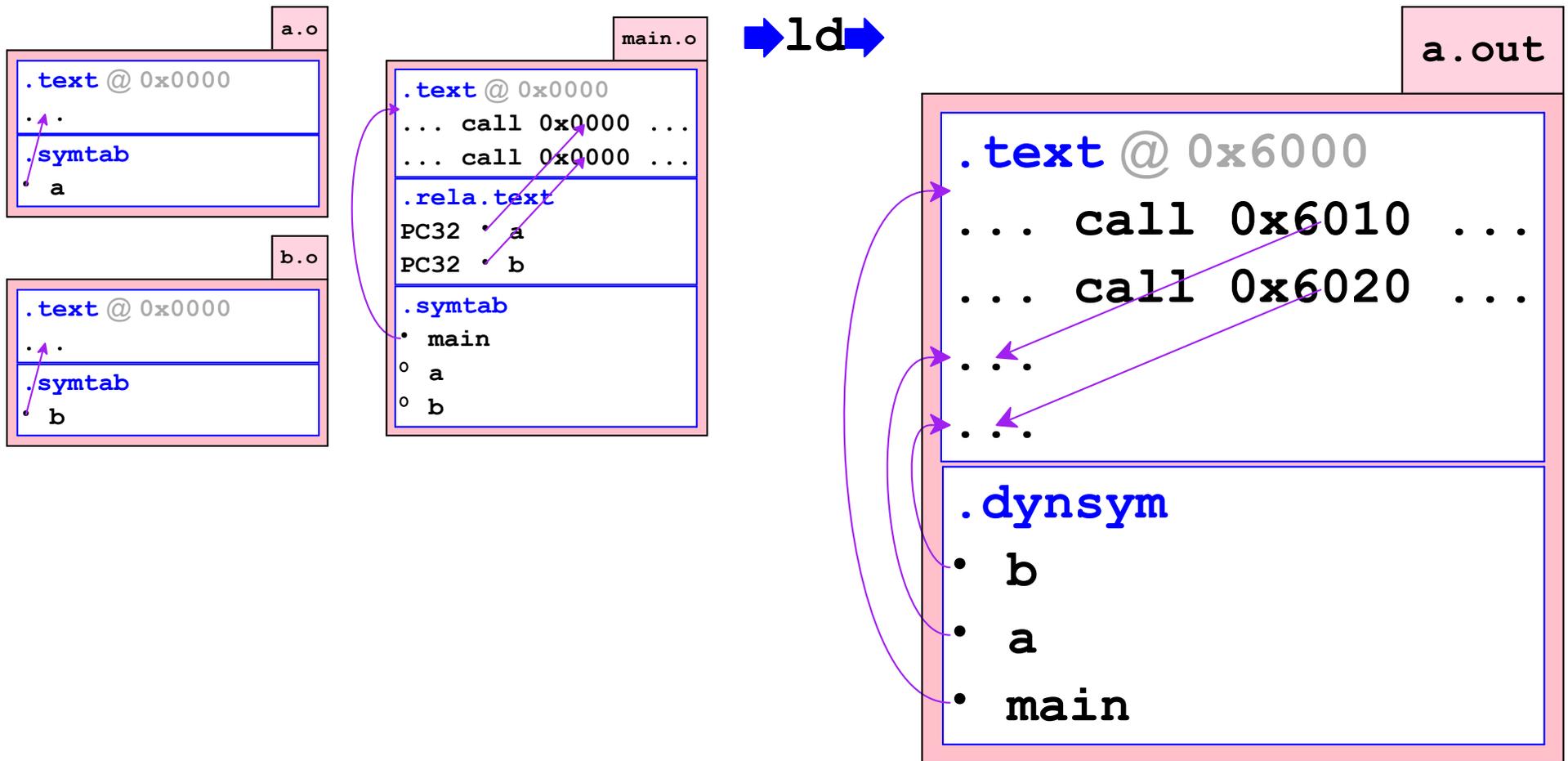
```
int b() {  
    return 2;  
}
```

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# Objects and Linking



# Objects and Linking



# Symbol Names

a.out

**.text** @ 0x6000

... call 0x6010 ...

... call 0x6020 ...

...

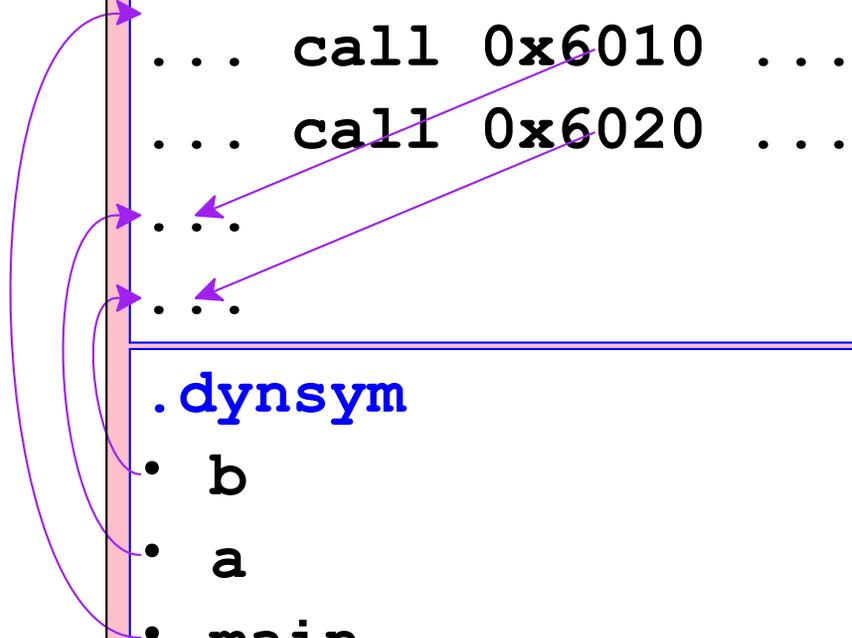
...

**.dynsym**

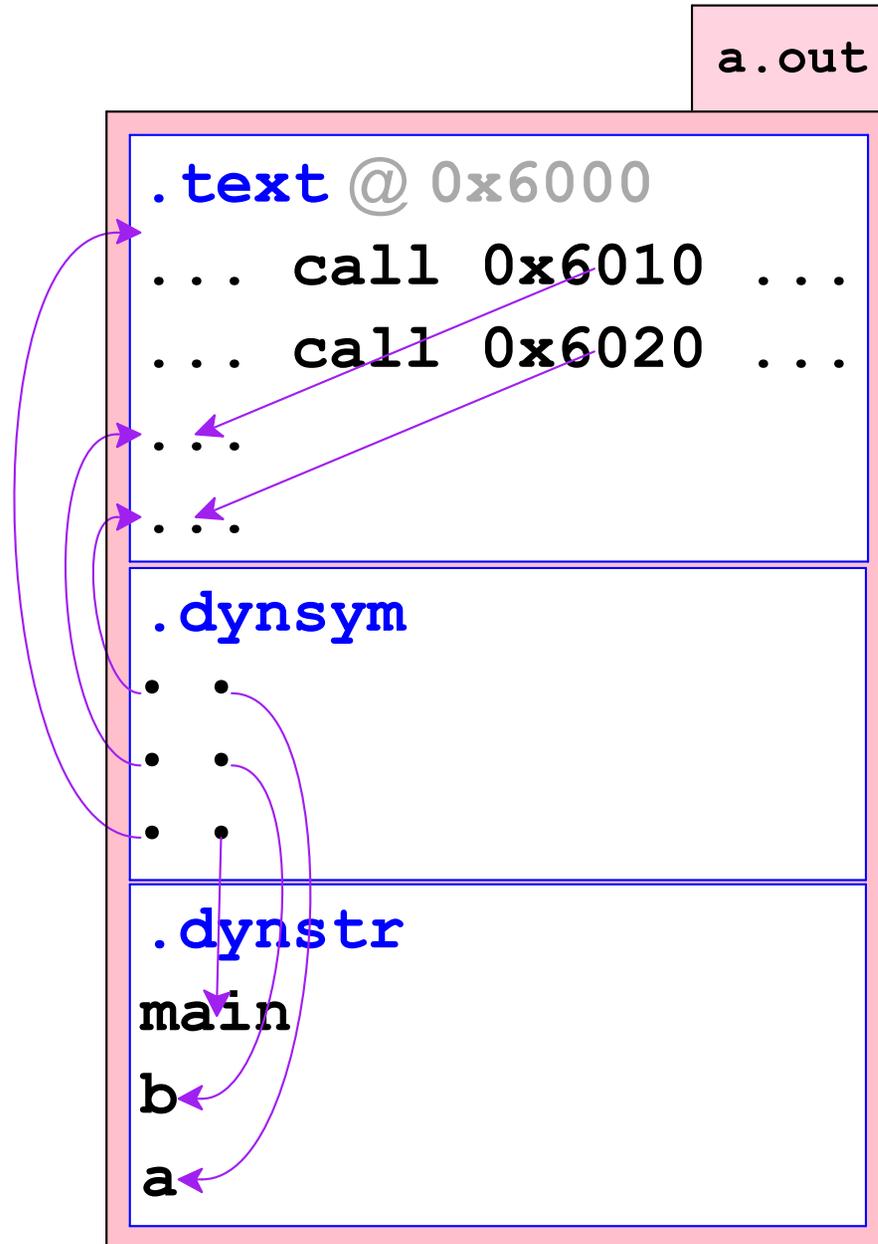
- b

- a

- main



# Symbol Names



## Example: Printing Section Names

```
typedef struct {
    ....
    Elf64_Off    e_shoff; /* Sec headers file offset */
    ....
    Elf64_Half  e_shnum;   /* Sec headers entry count */
    Elf64_Half  e_shstrndx; /* Sec string table index */
} Elf64_Ehdr;

typedef struct {
    Elf64_Word  sh_name; /* offset in .shstrtab */
    ....
    Elf32_Addr  sh_addr; /* addr at execution */
    Elf64_Off   sh_offset; /* file offset */
    Elf64_Xword sh_size; /* size in bytes */
} Elf64_Shdr;
```

```
Elf64_Shdr *shdrs = (void*)ehdr+ehdr->e_shoff;
```

## Example: Printing Section Names

```
typedef struct {
    ....
    Elf64_Off    e_shoff; /* Sec headers file offset */
    ....
    Elf64_Half  e_shnum;   /* Sec headers entry count */
    Elf64_Half  e_shstrndx; /* Sec string table index */
} Elf64_Ehdr;

typedef struct {
    Elf64_Word  sh_name; /* offset in .shstrtab */
    ....
    Elf32_Addr  sh_addr; /* addr at execution */
    Elf64_Off   sh_offset; /* file offset */
    Elf64_Xword sh_size; /* size in bytes */
} Elf64_Shdr;
```

```
Elf64_Shdr *shdrs = (void*)ehdr+ehdr->e_shoff;
for (i = 0; i < ehdr->e_shnum; i++) {

}
```

## Example: Printing Section Names

```
typedef struct {
    ....
    Elf64_Off    e_shoff; /* Sec headers file offset */
    ....
    Elf64_Half  e_shnum;   /* Sec headers entry count */
    Elf64_Half  e_shstrndx; /* Sec string table index */
} Elf64_Ehdr;

typedef struct {
    Elf64_Word  sh_name; /* offset in .shstrtab */
    ....
    Elf32_Addr  sh_addr; /* addr at execution */
    Elf64_Off   sh_offset; /* file offset */
    Elf64_Xword sh_size; /* size in bytes */
} Elf64_Shdr;
```

```
Elf64_Shdr *shdrs = (void*)ehdr+ehdr->e_shoff;
for (i = 0; i < ehdr->e_shnum; i++) {
    ... shdrs[i].sh_name ...
}
```

## Example: Printing Section Names

```
Elf64_Shdr *shdrs = (void*)ehdr+ehdr->e_shoff;  
char *strs = (void*)ehdr+shdrs[ehdr->e_shstrndx].sh_offset;  
int i;  
  
for (i = 0; i < ehdr->e_shnum; i++) {  
    printf("%s\n", strs + shdrs[i].sh_name);  
}
```

[Copy](#)

# Shared Library Relocations

a.c

```
int a() {  
    return 1;  
}
```

[Copy](#)

c.c

```
int c() {  
    return a() + b();  
}
```

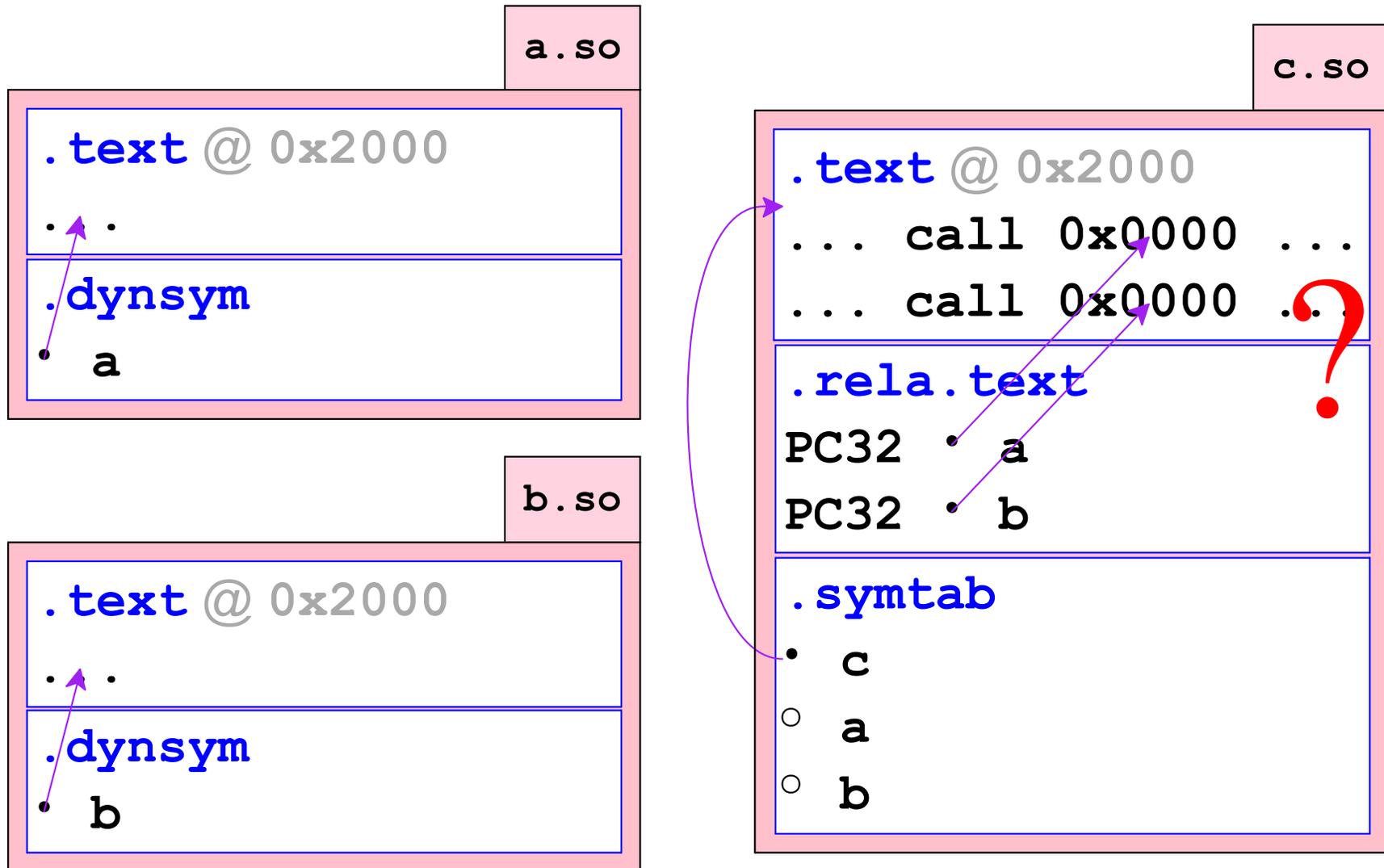
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b.c

```
int b() {  
    return 2;  
}
```

[Copy](#)

# Shared Library Relocations



**Goal:** shared-library `.text` the same for every instance

# Position-Independent Code

## Position-dependent

```
extern int v;  
  
int a();  
int b();  
  
int f() {  
    return v + a() + b();  
}
```

# Position-Independent Code

## Position-dependent

```
extern int v;  
  
int a();  
int b();  
  
int f() {  
    return v + a() + b();  
}
```

## Position-independent

```
int *vp;  
  
int (*ap)();  
int (*bp)();  
  
int f() {  
    return *vp + ap() + bp();  
}
```

PI code does not depend on address of **v**, **a**, or **b**

**Dynamic linker** must fill in **vp**, **ap**, and **bp**

# Position-Independent Code: Variables

```
extern int v;  
  
int f() {  
    return v;  
}
```

# Position-Independent Code: Variables

Using `gcc -fPIC -shared`:

```
extern int v;  
  
int f() {  
    return v;  
}
```

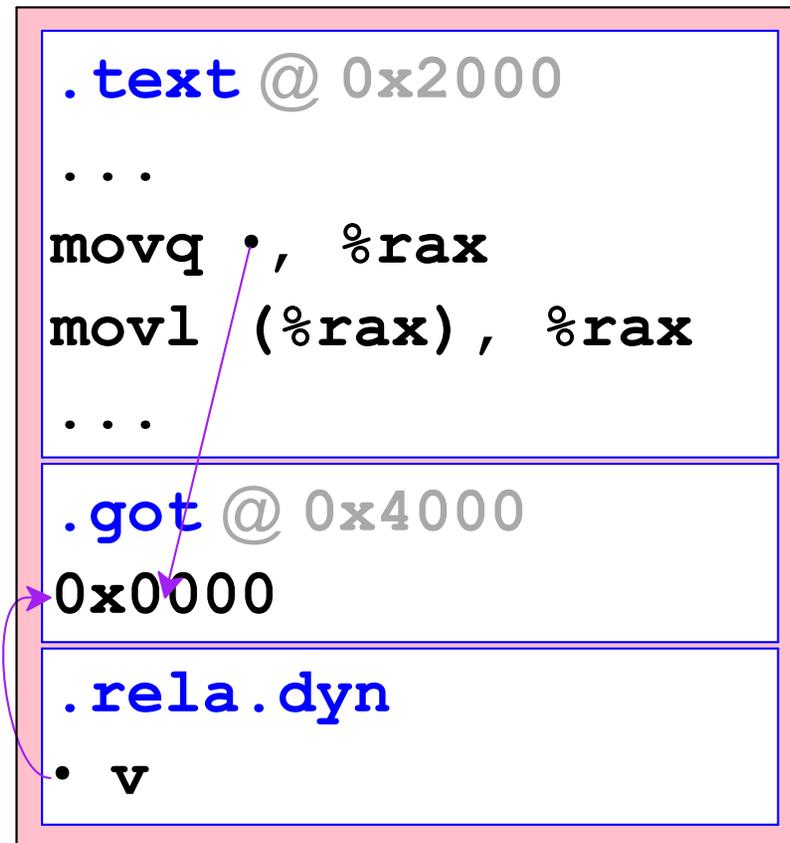


```
.text @ 0x2000  
...  
movq ., %rax  
movl (%rax), %rax  
...  
.got @ 0x4000  
0x0000  
.rela.dyn  
• v
```

# Position-Independent Code: Variables

Using `gcc -fPIC -shared`:

```
extern int v;  
  
int f() {  
    return v;  
}
```



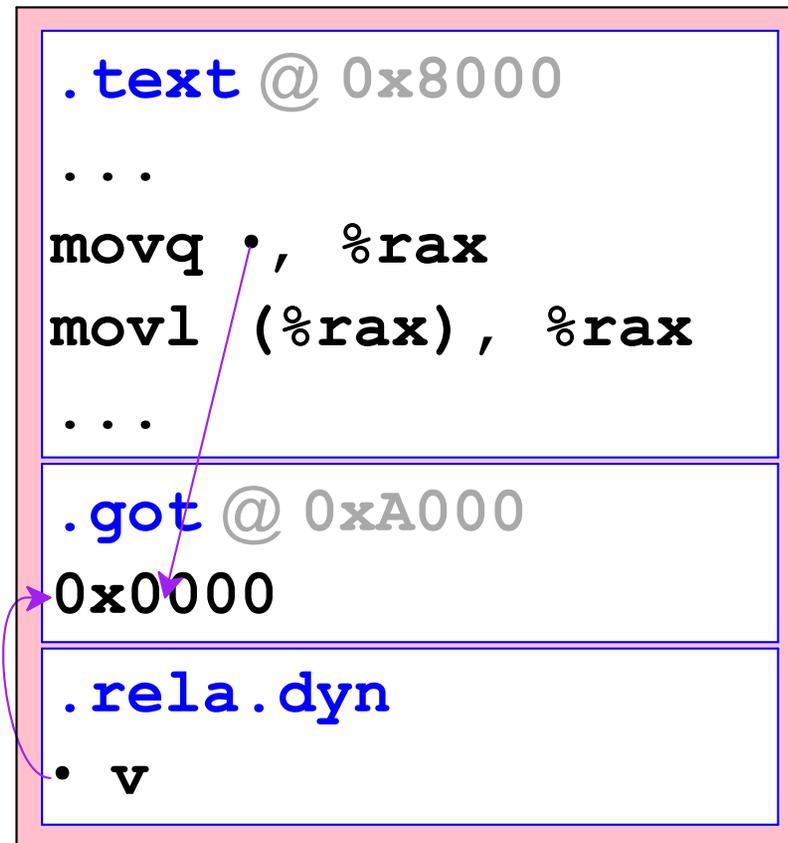
Reference from `.text` to `.got`:

```
mov 0x1FF0(%rip), %rax
```

# Position-Independent Code: Variables

Using `gcc -fPIC -shared`:

Dynamic linker can move, but must move both by the same amount



Reference from `.text` to `.got`:

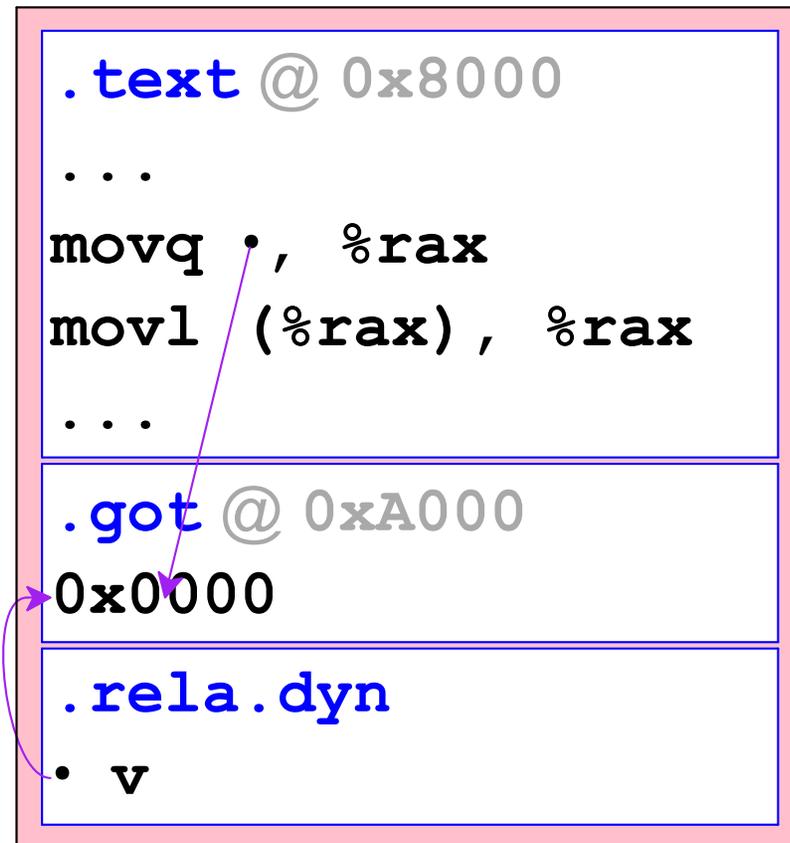
```
mov 0x1FF0(%rip), %rax
```

# Position-Independent Code: Variables

Using `gcc -fPIC -shared`:

Dynamic linker can move, but must move both by the same amount

Tells dynamic linker how to patch on startup



Reference from `.text` to `.got`:

```
mov 0x1FF0(%rip), %rax
```

# Position-Independent Code: Functions

PIC for function calls is different:

- Usually a lot more shared functions than shared data
- Only some of the function references actually happen

⇒ Lazy updating via interposition

# Position-Independent Code: Functions

Position-dependent

```
int a();  
  
int f() {  
    return a();  
}
```

# Position-Independent Code: Functions

## Position-dependent

```
int a();

int f() {
    return a();
}
```

## Position-independent

```
void *real_a = <next in a@plt>;

int a@plt() {
    goto real_a;
next:
    goto fixup(a@plt);
}

int f() {
    return a@plt();
}
```

# Position-Independent Code: Functions

**fixup** adjusts the variable

Position-dependent

```
int a();

int f() {
    return a();
}
```

Position-independent

```
void *real_a = <next in a@plt>;

int a@plt() {
    goto real_a;
next:
    goto fixup(a@plt);
}

int f() {
    return a@plt();
}
```

# Position-Independent Code: Functions

Position-dependent

```
int a();

int f() {
    return a();
}
```

Position-independent

```
void *real_a = a;

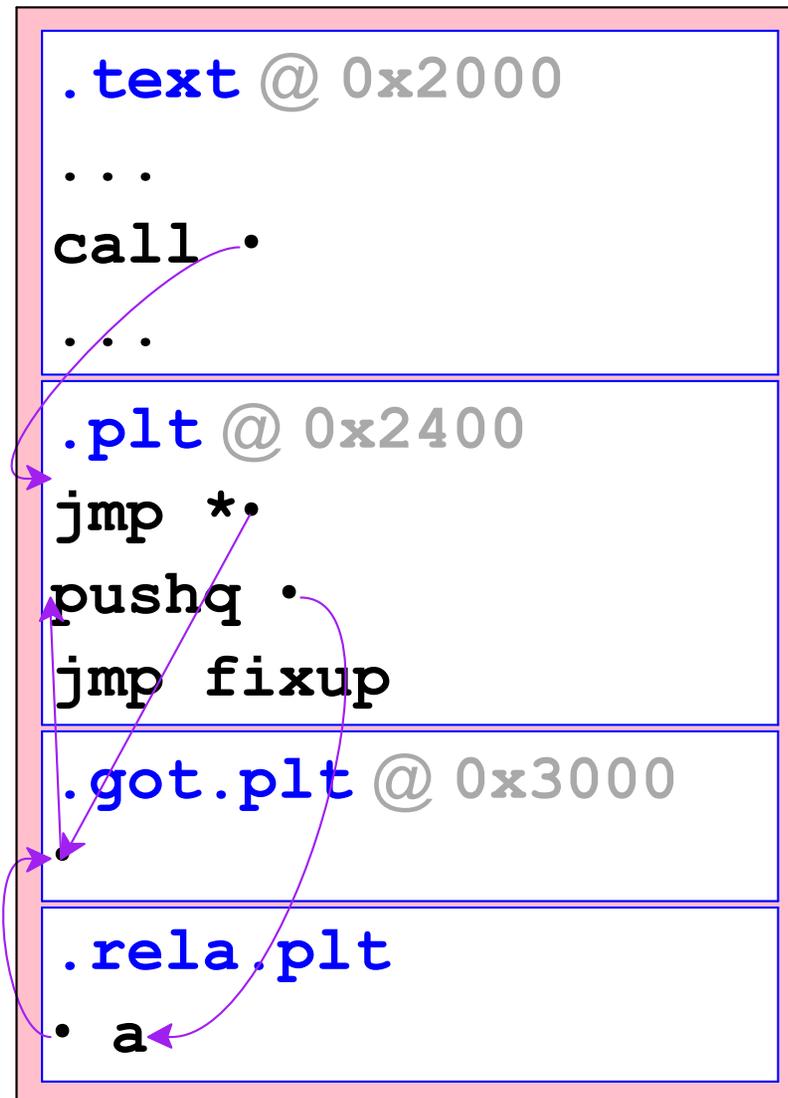
int a@plt() {
    goto real_a;
next:
    goto fixup(a@plt);
}

int f() {
    return a@plt();
}
```

# Position-Independent Code: Functions

Using `gcc -fPIC -shared`:

```
int a();  
  
int f() {  
    return a();  
}
```



# ELF Helpers

```
/* Functions that you should be able to write: */  
Elf64_Shdr *section_by_index(Elf64_Ehdr *ehdr, int idx);  
Elf64_Shdr *section_by_name(Elf64_Ehdr *ehdr, char *name);  
  
/* Helper to get pointer to section content: */  
#define AT_SEC(ehdr, shdr) ((void *) (ehdr) + (shdr)->sh_offset)
```

# Symbol Tables

`.symtab` or `.dynsym` = array of `Elf64_Sym`

elf.h

```
typedef struct {
    Elf64_Word  st_name;    /* name (string index) */
    unsigned char st_info; /* type and binding */
    ....
    Elf64_Section st_shndx; /* section index */
    ....
    Elf64_Addr    st_value; /* location */
    Elf64_Xword   st_size;  /* size */
} Elf64_Sym;

#define ELF64_ST_TYPE(st_info) ((st_info) & 0xf)
```

```
Elf64_Shdr *dynsym_shdr = section_by_name(ehdr, ".dynsym");
Elf64_Sym *syms = AT_SEC(ehdr, dynsym_shdr);
char *strs = AT_SEC(ehdr, section_by_name(ehdr, ".dynstr"));
int i, count = dynsym_shdr->sh_size / sizeof(Elf64_Sym);
for (i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    printf("%s\n", strs + syms[i].st_name);
}
```

# Symbol Tables

`.symtab` or `.dynsym` = array of `Elf64_Sym`

elf.h

```
typedef struct {
    Elf64_Word  st_name;    /* name (string index) */
    unsigned char st_info; /* type and binding */
    ....
    Elf64_Section st_shndx; /* section index */
    ....
    Elf64_Addr    st_value; /* location */
    Elf64_Xword  st_size;  /* size */
} Elf64_Sym;

#define ELF64_ST_TYPE(st_info) ((st_info) & 0xf)
```

Checking for a function:

```
if (ELF64_ST_TYPE(syms[i].st_info) == STT_FUNC)
    ....
```

# Symbol Tables

`.symtab` or `.dynsym` = array of `Elf64_Sym`

elf.h

```
typedef struct {
    Elf64_Word  st_name;    /* name (string index) */
    unsigned char st_info; /* type and binding */
    ....
    Elf64_Section st_shndx; /* section index */
    ....
    Elf64_Addr    st_value; /* location */
    Elf64_Xword  st_size;  /* size */
} Elf64_Sym;

#define ELF64_ST_TYPE(st_info) ((st_info) & 0xf)
```

Inspecting function machine code:

```
Elf64_Shdr *shdr = section_by_index(ehdr, syms[i].st_shndx);
```

```
.... AT_SEC(ehdr, shdr) + (syms[i].st_value - shdr->sh_addr) ....
```

# Relocation Records

`.rela.dyn` or `.rela.plt` = array of `Elf64_Rela` elf.h

```
typedef struct {
    Elf64_Addr    r_offset;
    Elf64_Xword  r_info; /* type and sym index */
    Elf64_Sxword r_addend;
} Elf64_Rela;

#define ELF64_R_SYM(r_info)  ((r_info) >> 32)
```

```
Elf64_Shdr *rela_dyn_shdr = section_by_name(ehdr, ".rela.dyn");
Elf64_Rela *relas = AT_SEC(ehdr, rela_dyn_shdr);
int i, count = rela_dyn_shdr->sh_size / sizeof(Elf64_Rela);

for (i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    printf("%d\n", ELF64_R_SYM(relas[i].r_info));
}
```

# Machine Code

`.text` and `.plt` contain machine code

- Some symbols point to start of function machine code
- Machine code may contain PC-relative jumps or call to other machine code
- Jumps or calls may stay in section or go to `.plt`

# Machine Code

```
$ objdump -d f.so
```

```
...
```

```
000000000000006b8 <f>:
```

```
6b8: 55          push    %rbp
6b9: 48 89 e5    mov    %rsp,%rbp
6bc: b8 00 00 00 00  mov    $0x0,%eax
6c1: e8 ea fe ff ff  callq  5b0 <a@plt>
6c6: 5d          pop    %rbp
6c7: c3          retq
```

# Machine Code

```
$ objdump -d f.so
```

```
...
```

```
000000000000006b8 <f>:
```

6b8:	55	push	%rbp
6b9:	48 89 e5	mov	%rsp,%rbp
6bc:	b8 00 00 00 00	mov	\$0x0,%eax
6c1:	e8 ea fe ff ff	callq	5b0 <a@plt>
6c6:	5d	pop	%rbp
6c7:	c3	retq	

Raw bytes are content from the section