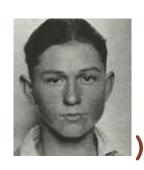
Conditionals

; maybe-wanted : image -> image



WANTED

(maybe-wanted





(maybe-wanted

Conditionals in Algebra

General format of conditionals in algebra:

$$abs(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x > 0 \\ -x & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$abs(10) = 10$$

$$abs(-7) = 7$$

Conditionals in Racket

```
answer question
answer question
answer question

[question answer]
[question answer])
```

Conditionals in Racket

```
(cond
  [question answer]
  ...
  [question answer])
```

- Any number of cond "lines"
- Each line has one *question* expression and one *answer* expression
- Last question can be else for "otherwise"

```
(define (absolute x)

(cond (absolute 10) \rightarrow 10

[(> x 0) x]

[else (- x)])) (absolute -7) \rightarrow 7
```

First question is literally true:

i.e., keep only the first answer

```
(* 1 (cond \rightarrow (* 1 0) \rightarrow 0 [true 0]))
```

First question is literally false:

i.e., throw away the first line

```
(+ 1 (cond → (+ 1 (cond [false 1] [true 17]))

[true 17]))

→ (+ 1 17) → 18
```

First question isn't a value, yet:

i.e., evaluate first question as sub-expression

```
(+ 1 (cond \rightarrow (+ 1 (cond [(< 1 2) 5] [true 5] [else 8])) \rightarrow (+ 1 5) \rightarrow 6
```

No true answers:

Programming with Conditionals



(define clyde

```
; maybe-wanted : image -> image
(define (maybe-wanted who)
  (cond
  [(image=? who clyde)
        (above (text "WANTED" 32 "red") who)]
  [else
      who]))
```





(maybe-wanted

Programming with Conditionals



(define clyde

```
; maybe-wanted : image -> image
(define (maybe-wanted who)
  (cond
  [(image=? who clyde)
        (above (text "WANTED" 32 "red") who)]
  [else
      who]))
```





(maybe-wanted