

# FODA L8

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## Linear Algebra Review #1

Vectors, Matrices: Add, Multiply

# Office Hours ?

Move Haocheng Zoom  
Office hour

Monday 7-9pm

?



?

Thursday 3-5pm

# Vectors and Matrices

$$v = (v_1, v_2, \dots, v_d) \in \mathbb{R}^d$$

$$v = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ \vdots \\ v_d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v^T = [v_1 \quad v_2 \quad \dots \quad v_d]$$

Matrix  $A$   $n \times d$  matrix  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d}$

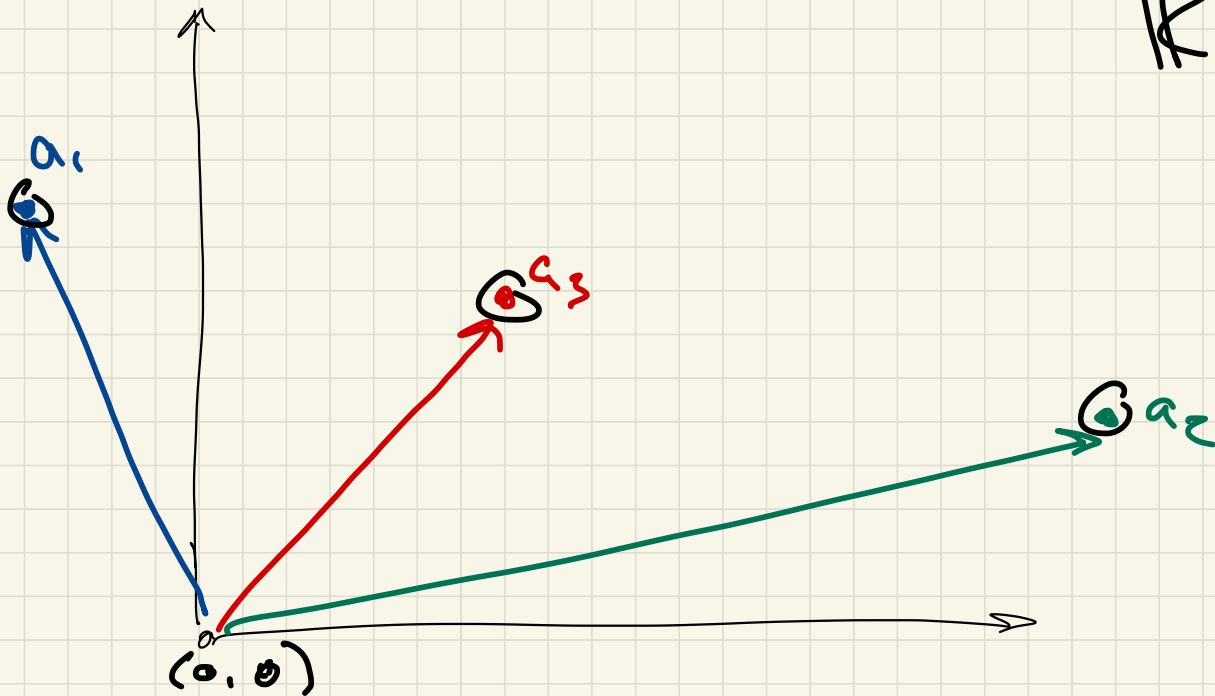
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} A_{1,1} & A_{1,2} & \dots & A_{1,d} \\ A_{2,1} & A_{2,2} & \dots & A_{2,d} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ A_{n,1} & \dots & \dots & A_{n,d} \end{bmatrix}$$

$n$  rows  
 $d$  columns

$$= \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ \vdots \\ a_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$a_i \in \mathbb{R}^d$

$\mathbb{R}^2$



$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -0.5 & 1.5 \\ 2.5 & 0.75 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{matrix}$$

Transpose

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} | & | & & | \\ a_1 & a_2 & \dots & a_n \\ | & | & & | \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[A^T]_{ij} = A_{ji}$$

$A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$   $A^T \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$

$\# \text{ rows}$  (pointing to  $m$ )

$\# \text{ columns}$  (pointing to  $n$ )

# Linear Equations

$$A \in \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 3}$$

$$3x_1 - 7x_2 + 2x_3 = -2$$

$$-1x_1 + 2x_2 - 5x_3 = 6$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ax = b$$

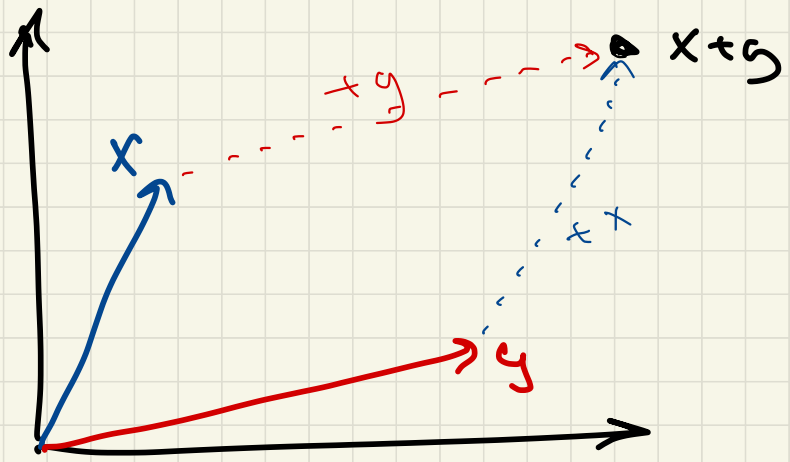
# Addition

"element-wise"

$$x, y \in \mathbb{R}^d$$

$$x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_d) \quad y = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_d)$$

$$z = x + y = (x_1 + y_1, x_2 + y_2, \dots, x_d + y_d) \in \mathbb{R}^d$$





$$A, B \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d}$$

$$C = A + B$$

$$C_{ij} = A_{ij} + B_{ij}$$

$$i \in [1 \dots n]$$

$$j \in [1 \dots d]$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 4 & 8 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A + B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 5 \\ 3 & 10 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Multiplication

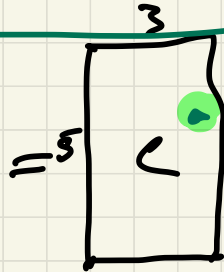
$$A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d}$$

$$B \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times m}$$

$$C = AB$$

$$C \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$$

$$C_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^d A_{ik} B_{kj}$$



$$C_{2,3}$$

# Vector-Vector Products

• inner product, dot product

$\mathbb{R}^d$  column vectors  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^d$

$$x \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times 1}$$

$$y \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^T y &= x \cdot y = \langle x, y \rangle = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & \dots & x_d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_d \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^d x_i y_i \end{aligned}$$

scalar  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$   $x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}^d$

$$\langle \alpha x, y+z \rangle = \alpha \langle x, y+z \rangle = \alpha (\langle x, y \rangle + \langle x, z \rangle)$$

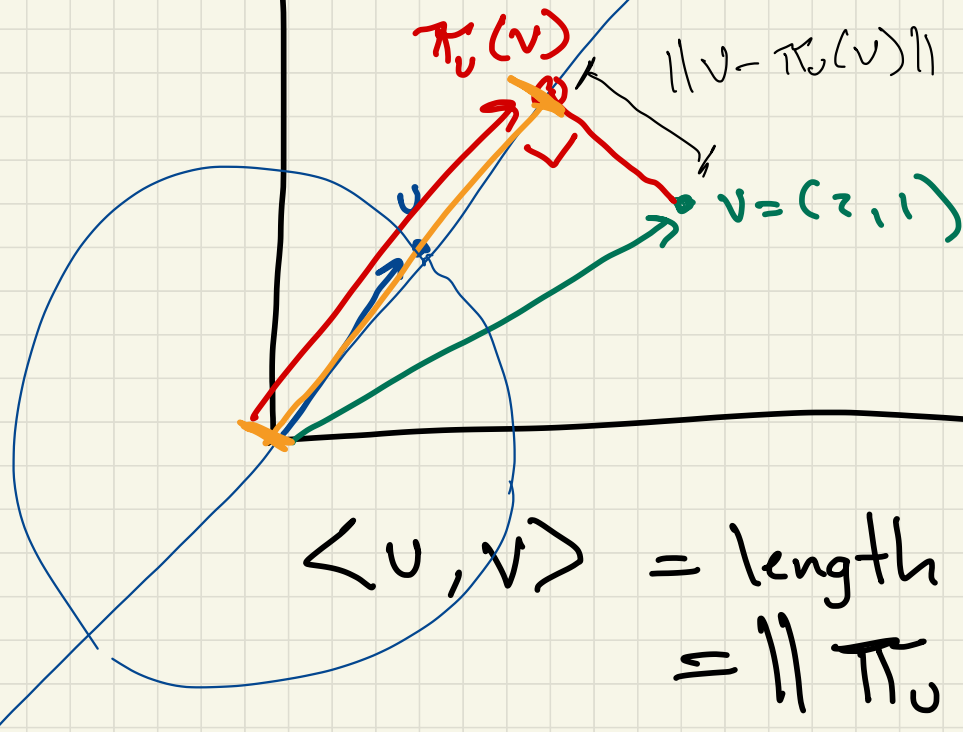
$$u = \left( \frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \right)$$

$$v = (2, 1)$$

$$\text{length}(u) = 1$$

if  $\|u\| \neq 1$

$$\langle v, u \rangle = \frac{\text{length}(\pi_u(v))}{\text{length}(u)}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \pi_u(v) &= u \cdot \|\pi_u(v)\| \\ &= u \cdot \langle u, v \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle u, v \rangle &= \text{length}(\pi_u(v)) \\ &= \|\pi_u(v)\| \end{aligned}$$

# Outer Product

column  
 $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$   
 $y \in \mathbb{R}^m$

$$x y^T = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_d \end{bmatrix} [y_1 \dots y_m]$$

$$\Rightarrow = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 y_1 & \dots & x_1 y_m \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_d y_1 & \dots & x_d y_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times 1}$$

$$y^T \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times m}$$

A

B

$$C = AB \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times m}$$

# Matrix-Vector Multiplication

$$A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^d$$

$$y = Ax = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ \vdots \\ a_n \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \vdots \\ x \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{y_1} \\ \xrightarrow{y_2} \\ \vdots \\ \xrightarrow{y_n} \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} \langle a_1, x \rangle \\ \langle a_2, x \rangle \\ \vdots \\ \langle a_n, x \rangle \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix}$$

matrices:  $\mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ : capital letters A, B, C

vectors:  $\mathbb{R}^d$ : lower case letters  
u, v, a, b, x, y

scalar:  $\mathbb{R}$ :  $\gamma, \lambda$

latex:  $\$ v \$$