## Practice Final

Disclaimer: You are allowed to reference any course material/online sources. These problems are meant only to give a rough level of the problems on the final.

1. Let $G$ be a complete bipartite graph with $\sqrt{n}$ vertices on one side (called $U$ ) and $n$ vertices on the other (called $V$ ). Consider the lazy random walk with laziness parameter (probability of staying put) $\alpha$ on $G$, and let $\pi_{\alpha}(x)$ denote the stationary probability of a vertex $x$.
(a) Consider some $u \in U$ and $v \in V$. What is $\pi_{1 / 2}(u) / \pi_{1 / 2}(v)$ ?
(b) Is $\pi_{1 / 4}(u)=\pi_{1 / 2}(u)$ ? (In other words, does a walk that is lazier have a different stationary distribution?)
2. Consider a zero sum game between row and column players, in which the payoff matrix for the column player is given by

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ccc}
1 & -2 & 5 \\
2 & 1 & 3 \\
0 & 4 & 2
\end{array}\right] .
$$

The $(i, j)$ th entry denotes the payoff to the column player if the row player plays strategy $i$ and the column player plays $j$. What is the best strategy for the row player? (Note that his goal is to make sure the column player gets as little payoff as possible, as this is a zero-sum game.)
3. Consider the set $S \subset \mathbb{R}^{n}$, defined by

$$
\left|x_{1}\right|+\left|x_{2}\right|+\cdots+\left|x_{n}\right| \leq 1,
$$

where $|\cdot|$ denotes the absolute value.
(a) Show that $S$ is convex by giving a set of linear inequalities that define $S$.
(b) Describe a separation oracle for this set of inequalities

