# **Financial Derivatives**

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### Overview

- What is a financial derivative?
- Types of financial derivatives
- How you make money with financial derivatives
- How financial derivatives played a role in the financial meltdown

### **Financial derivative**

- Contract between two or more parties
- Value of contract derived from performance of underlying asset
- Used to hedge positions
- Easier access to some markets
  - Buy oil contracts instead of true barrels
- Trading -- speculation

## Options

- Call option
  - For stocks
  - Two party transaction
    - write (seller)
    - buyer
  - Seller (short)
    - Thinks stock price will go down
  - Buyer (long)
    - Thinks stock price will go up

- Buyer
  - purchase 100 shares at strike price
- Strike price
  - Some arbitrary price of the stock
- Seller
  - is contractually obligated to purchase 100 shares
    - at strike price (if executed)

#### • Premium

#### • Seller collects at time of writing

232.50	TSLA140404C00232500	11.05	<b>₽</b> 0.86	11.15	11.45	20	77
232.50	TSLA140411C00232500	14.62	<b>₽</b> 2.12	13.35	13.70	2	55
232.50	TSLA140425C00232500	16.10	<b>₽</b> 0.90	16.20	17.05	4	13
235.00	TSLA140404C00235000	9.71	<b>₽</b> 0.44	9.90	10.20	50	145
235.00	TSLA140411C00235000	13.00	<b>1</b> 0.15	12.10	12.40	5	70
235.00	TSLA140419C00235000	13.85	<b>₽</b> 0.83	13.70	13.90	162	717

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#### • TSLA 232.50 April 25 Exp.

- \$16.10 per contract
- 100 shares per contract
- \$1610 you pay to the writer of the contract

- Writer
  - Collects \$1610
    - legally obligated to purchase 100 shares
    - \$232.50 \* 100 = \$23,500
    - If exercised
  - Margin account level 3

- Tesla stock goes to \$255
  - Call tracks price of stock
  - Call contract you own is now worth \$22.50
  - Sell it back to writer for \$22.50
  - \$2250 \$1610 = \$640 ~39% gain
  - Writer loses \$640 dollars

## **Options - Put**

- Inverse of call
  - 2 party
  - Writer thinks stock will go up
    - obligated to purchase shares at strike price
  - Buyer thinks stock will go down
    - wants to lock in gains
    - has the right to sell 100 shares at strike

## **Options - Put**

232.50	TSLA140411P00232500	10.50	0.00	11.10	11.50	2	46
232.50	TSLA140425P00232500	15.00	<b>1</b> 0.86	14.35	14.95	3	30
235.00	TSLA140404P00235000	10.95	<b>1</b> 0.58	10.10	10.40	25	116
235.00	TSLA140411P00235000	12.85	<b>₽</b> 0.65	12.35	12.75	13	56

• Buyer purchases put @ 235.00 strike

- stock goes down to \$200
- buyer of put can sell stock @ \$235
- writer of put has to buy stock @ \$235
  - or buy back option at higher price
  - Iose money

### **Futures**

- Very old derivative
  - Forward contract
  - Farmers hedge against changes in the prices of their crops between planting and when they could be harvested and brought to market.
- Hides market volatility
- Leverage
- Specifies amount and delivery time
- Evaluated at close every night.

## Futures with underlying assets

#### • Cattle - hedging

- McDonalds wants, for accounting purposes, cattle cost to be fairly static
- Buy a futures contract for 10 Cattle @ \$2k per cattle for delivery in May 2014.
- If price of cattle goes up or down they still purchase at \$2k
- Both parties put up margin
  - explain on next pages

McD's: 20kM Price Mar 2k Farmer 20kM

McD's: \$20kM

\$25kM

Price Mar 2k

Aprl 2.5k

-\$5k

Farmer \$20kM

\$15kM

McD's: \$25kM

\$30kM

Price Aprl 2.5k -----\$5k May 3k Farmer \$15kM

\$10kM

- May
  - McD's wants its 10 cattle
  - Pays the spot price of the underlying asset
    - In May 3k per cattle
    - has to pay 30k per cattle
    - They wanted to pay only 2k per cattle
  - Over the course of 3 months
    - 10k was taken from farmers margin acct
    - true cost only 20k or 2k per cattle

- Coked up trader in NY
  - Can't fit 10 cows in penthouse
  - Only want to trade speculatively

#### • Novate the contract

- Another contract
- You buy cows back at spot price
- Previous scenario
  - Trader on the right side loses 10k
  - Trader on the right side gains 10k
  - no cows in penthouse



### **Futures - Leverage**

- S&P 500 E-Mini's
  - Index tracking
    no underlying asset
- Buyer/Seller
- Future is \$50 \* price of S&P 500
  50 \* 1,872.01 = \$93,600.50
- But you only have to put up the margin cost
  \$4,758 5% capital

### **Futures - Leverage**

- April
- S&P is now at \$2012
  - Contract is now 50 \* 2012 = 100,600
  - 5% of 100,600 is \$5030
  - Margin account reads \$4785 + \$5030 = \$9815
     105% gain
    - Leverage turned 7% S&P gain into 105% gain
    - Works opposite way -7% S&P means -5030

## **S&P Minis Flash Crash**

#### Sold 75k contracts

- Sold through all the buyers
- HFT started trading b/f
  - 23k contracts exchanged
  - 30 seconds
- 3% decline in s&p mini
- Computers started to pull out of market
- Stop losses hit -- more selling
- CME stop logic stopped S&P mini trading
  - 5 sec -- fixed market almost immediate



### Swaps



## **Swaps - Formal Definition**

- Derivative in which two counterparties exchange cash flows of one party's financial instrument
- Traded OTC High risk
- Banks only
  - huge swaths of money
- Outstanding swaps in 2010 \$348 Trillion

### Interest rate swap example

#### • LIBOR

- London Interbank Offered Rate
- Libor rates are calculated for ten currencies and fifteen borrowing periods ranging from overnight to one year and are published daily at 11:30 am
  - But really banks just sit down and make up some number
    - Really

## The financial Crisis of 2007

#### Credit Default Swaps

- Insurance policy on Bonds/Loans/etc
- "Credit Event" -- Default, restructuring
  - CDS Seller
    - Contractually obligated to purchase your loan/bond
    - Nominal value
    - Good for you as the loan/bond is worthless
  - Buyer stuck with these worthless bonds/loans

### The financial Crisis of 2007

- Mortgage-backed Securities
- Buy a house get a \$1m mortgage
  commercial bank, DFS, Zion, Wells fargo
- Commercial banks package mortgage
  sell to BoA, GS, Leehman bros, JPM
- Investment Banks then
  - create Special Purpose Entity

## **FC 2007 MBS**

- Special Purpose entity (whole new company)
  - Now holds the mortgages IB purchased
- Investment Bank sells shares of SPE
  - IB bought mortgages for \$1B
  - Sells all shares for \$1.1B
    - **\$100 M profit**
- Holders of SPE shares get dividends
  - Interest payments from home owners

### **Getting Owned 2007 Investment Bank Style**

#### • IB makes SPE with mortgages

- They know these mortgages are worthless
- Credit agencies give them AA ratings anyway
- Sell SPE shares to investors
  - Make profit
- Buy Naked CDS on those mortgages
- Mortgages fail
  investors out
- Banks++

### **CDS MBS** and the crash

- So many toxic MBS
- Banks wrote so many CDS to each other and AIG wrote a majority
  - Free money right?
  - Housing prices only go up
- Mortgages default
  - CDS get called
    - No one set money aside for possible default
- Naked CDS
  - Banks wrote CDS for people betting against other peoples loans
    - 1B loan 16Billion in CDS insurance
- Chain reaction



### **Exotic Derivatives**

- Weather derivatives
  - ENRON
  - Mostly used for farmers/ski resorts
    - Anyone who can be hurt by weather
  - PCMR gets terrible snow fall
    - Less tickets sold
    - Okay because hedged with weather derivative
  - Farmer gets no rain
    - No crops
    - Ok because weather derivatives

### **Exotic Derivatives**

- Energy derivative
  - ENRON!!
  - Natural gas, oil, electricity
  - Turn power off in California
    - Electricity is scarcer-- cost more
    - Electricity derivative cost more
    - Enron makes



### **Questions?**