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Key Point

- Untrusted mobile code can allow <u>anybody</u> to build and use new transport protocols cleanly, safely and without delay.
- Self-spreading Transport Protocols (STP) is our prototype solution.

New transport protocols keep coming

- KarnPartridge algorithm (1988) Header Prediction (1990) FFC 1232 (1992) T/CP (1995) T/CP (1995) T/CP (1995) T/CP (1995) FACK (1996) FACK (1996) Syn-cookies (1996) FACK (1997) W/CP (1988) W/CP (1988) W/CP (1988) T/CP (1988)

- TCP Westwood (2002)
 Appropriate Byte Counting (2002)
 TCP sender timeout randomization (2003)

Problem scenario

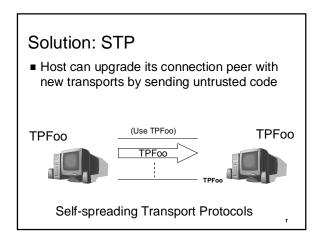
- A content provider (e.g., Yahoo) develops a new transport protocol to deliver content to its customers
- A mobile client needs "TCP connection migration" at a telnet server to allow itself to move
- How do they deploy new protocols?

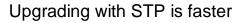
Upgrading transports takes years

- Research and simulation
- Prototype
- Standards committee
- Implementation in OS 1
- Implementation in OS 2
- Addition into standard build OS 1
- Addition into standard build OS 2
- Enable by default
- Enable by default on peer

Fallback: backwards-compatible change

- Often does not work
 - ◆ Can't exchange new information
 - ◆ Example: TCP Migrate requires cooperation from both ends
- Does not work very well
 - ◆ Lose the benefit of cooperation between both ends
 - ◆ Example: one-way delay estimation using rtt includes reverse-path noise

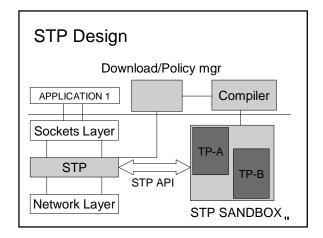


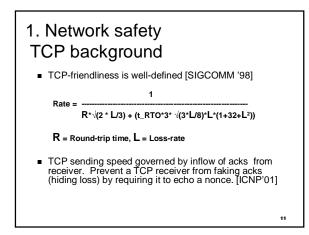


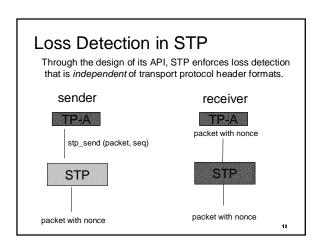
- Research and simulation
- Prototype
- Standards committee
- Implementation to the STP API
- Implementation in OS 1
- Implementation in OS 2
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- Addition into standard build OS 1
- Addition into standard build OS 2
- -
- Enable by default
- Enable by default on peer

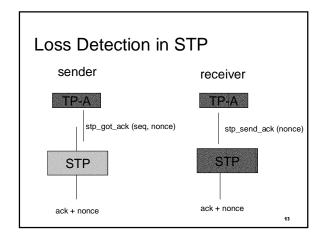
STP Challenges

- Network safety should not hog bandwidth or attack other nodes
- Host safety must isolate and limit resource consumption
- Performance should not undermine improvement due to extensions









2. Host safety

- Constrained domain: no shared state between transports
 - ◆ Makes resource accounting straightforward
 - ◆ Makes termination tractable
- Memory safety: type-safety of Cyclone [PLDI '02]
- CPU timer-based CPU resource protection

3. Performance

- Connections proceed without delays
 - ◆ Code is downloaded out of the critical path
 - ◆ Benefits later connections
 - ◆ Exploits communication pattern of today's Internet
- Efficient to interface C with Cyclone
 - ◆ Share data between the kernel and Cyclone code
 - ♦ Not necessary to use garbage collection

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Implementation

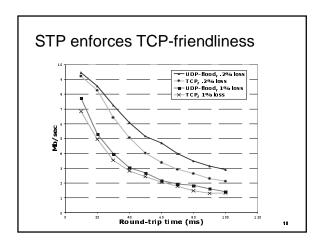
- Prototype in FreeBSD 4.7
- Ported UDP-Flood, TCP NewReno and TCP SACK to the STP API

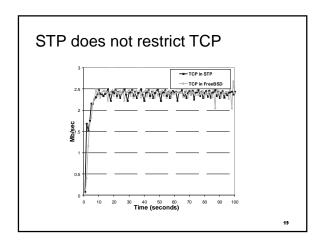
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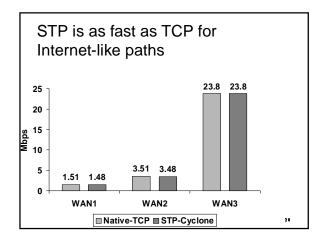
Evaluation

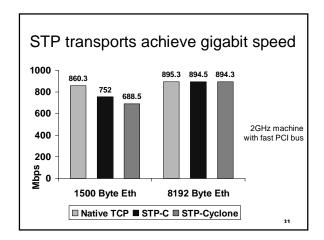
- Network Safety
- Overall Performance
- CPU Overhead
- Transport Experience

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CPU utilization (gigabit link)

TCP Version	FreeBSD	STP-C (ratio to BSD)	STP-Cyclone (ratio to BSD)
Sender	59%	59% (1.01)	73% (1.24)
Receiver	48%	61% (1.29)	73% (1.54)

- Overhead inherent in Cyclone's type-safety (bounds/null checks) is low: 6%
- Suspect most of overhead due to marshaling that will be straightforward to optimize in newer version of compiler.

Transport experience

- API supports all 27 studied extensions except 2 that are inherently not TCP-friendly
- Shipping whole protocols is practical:

Code	TCP	SACK	UDPFlood
Source(Gzip)	87K	95K	10K
Object	31K	33K	4K

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Future work

- So far:
 - ◆STP is proof-of-concept of a system that synthesizes a set of ideas
- Next up: Make the vision more real
 - ♦Stress-test system with adversarial transports
 - ◆Prove that API is sufficient and OS-portable
 - ◆Learn what policies work well in practice

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Conclusions

- STP lets anybody build and use new transport protocols cleanly, safely and without delay.
 - ♦ Built on untrusted mobile code
 - ◆ Avoids hacks, standards and OS vendors
- This is a qualitative change!
 - ♦ Imagine real experience before standards
 - ◆ Fundamental change in incentive balance

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END OF TALK

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BACKUP/DETAIL SLIDES

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