Evolving Real-Time Systems using Hierarchical Scheduling and Concurrency Analysis

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- Problem: Evolving real-time and embedded software is hard
- Problem: Concurrent software is hard to write and debug
- Problem: Traditional task models ignore some important details about real systems



This Talk

- Introduces hierarchical execution environments to support analysis of:
 - Concurrency
 - > Response times
 - > Blocking terms
 - > Dispatch overheads
- Results in solving real-time problems on sensor network nodes

Execution Environments

- A real-time or embedded system usually supports multiple execution environments
 - Interrupts
 - > Bottom-half handlers
 - > a.k.a. DPCs, tasklets, deferred handlers
 - > Event handlers
 - > Kernel threads
 - > User threads

An Execution Environment...

- Occupies a place in the scheduling hierarchy
- Has particular performance characteristics
- Has rules:
 - > About actions code running in it may take
 - > About how to synchronize with code in other environments

Related Work

- Hierarchical scheduling
 - Lots of work: Deng et al., Feng & Mok, Lipari et al., Regehr & Stankovic, Saewong et al., Shin & Lee, ...
- Multiple execution environments
 Limited related work here
- Concurrency analysis
 - Lots of work in PL and formal methods communities – but none supporting multiple execution environments

Goal: Evolving Systems

- Often desirable to move code between environments
 - Promote code to a higher priority environment
 - > "Demote" code to a lower priority environment
- Problem: How do we know when to promote / demote code?
- Problem: Very easy to introduce concurrency errors this way

May be lots of code per environment

Example System: Motes

- Sensor network nodes
- Software based on TinyOS
 - > Very simple "OS"
 - > No threads!
- Motes are resource constrained
 - > 4 MHz 8-bit RISC
 - > 4 KB SRAM, 128 KB flash







Results







Results



- Problem: How do we know when to promote / demote code?
- Solution: Response time analysis
- Problem: Very easy to introduce concurrency errors this way
- Solution: Concurrency analysis

Real-Time Analysis

- Problem: How to analyze response times for hierarchies?
- Solution: Map to a problem that we know how to solve
 - > Static priority scheduling
 - > Preemption threshold scheduling
- Hierarchies restricted to:
 - > Preemptive priority schedulers
 - Leaf schedulers can be nonpreemptive FIFO or priority



Concurrency Analysis

- Problem: How to check for race conditions?
- Solution: Task scheduler logic
 - Static analysis of concurrency across a hierarchy of execution environments

Task Scheduler Logic

- Schedulers specify:
 - > Preemption relations among things they schedule
 - > Locks they provide
- Axioms propagate effects around the hierarchy
- TSL allows us to derive (potential) preemption relations for each pair of tasks in a system
- Details in paper...



Contributions

- New notation for describing structure of systems software
- Heuristics for evolving systems
- Algorithms for hierarchical priority and FIFO schedulers:
 - > Whole-program concurrency analysis
 - > Response time analysis
- Experimental validation

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